The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910. NO. 43.

COUNTRY CHURCH INSTITUTE.

Is the Church Doing All It Should for the Community?

The church is on trial perhaps as never before. Both friend and foe are calling upon it to give new reasons for its existence and support. Rev. T. Maxwell Morrison, formerly of Pennsylvania but now pastor at Bellona, N. J., who has made a special study of the relation of the country church to its environment, and who has proved the soundness of his theories in his own church, is now, under the direction of the Department of Church and Labor of the Presbyterian church and Presbytery of Huntingdon, making a tour of the churches, will be in Centre Hall, November 7th, and Spring Mills, November 8th, to hold a Country Church Institute. Two sessions will be held at each place, one at 1:30 p. m., a "Round Table," the other at 7:30 p. m., a lecture on the "Call of the Country Church." Prof. Alva Agee, of State College, has promised that a member of its Faculty will be present at Centre Hall and assist.

A cordial invitation is extended to every one of any church and of no church to be present and take part. Some idea of the nature of the afternoon meeting will be gained by reading the following questions. Come prepared to discuss them.

1 What is the church and its purpose?

2 What should be the relationship of the church and community?

3 What should be its relationship toward the other churches of the community?

4 Does the church owe any obligations to the business men of the community?

5 What benefits has the business world of the community received from the church?

6 How far ought the church to go in its efforts to improve the social life of the community?

7 What ought the church to do for the intellectual development of the community?

8 What can the church do for the health of the community?

9 What should be the position of the church on the moral questions of the community?

10 In what ways can the church cultivate the spirit of contentment among the young people of the community?

11 What persons in the community ought the church to labor most diligently to help?

12 What can the church do to comfort the sorrowing?

13 What methods ought and can the church use to reach and help all the people in the community?

14 What use is the church making of its history?

15 Is a yearly Old Home Meeting of the church desirable?

16 Ought the church to take any interest in the recreations of the community? If so, what should be the nature of them?

17 Is the pastor's salary adequate for the present-economic standards of living? How is it raised, and how paid?

18 What is the value of the farm land in this community compared with fifty years ago, and has the pastor's salary been increased in that time? Have the benevolences of the church increased proportionately with value of the land and the high cost of living and the new methods of farm management?

19 To what extent should the church be made a community center?

20 In what ways can the church help the farmer to acquire a knowledge of the modern scientific methods of agriculture?

21 Has the local church any duty to perform toward the nation at large, and, if so, what is it and what can it do?

22 What methods of evangelism should the church adopt, and how far and when should it carry them out?

23 What methods are used in the benevolent work of the church, and what success is attained? Why benevolences at all?

24 What organizations should the church have, and how can we perfect them?

Corn Yields 155 Bushels.

A week or two ago the Reporter made the statement that James W. Swab, of near Linden Hall, would have one of the largest corn yields to the acre in Penns Valley, and that his neighbors judged the yield would be one hundred and fifty bushels per acre. The corn has now been husked and measured, and the yield proved to be one hundred and fifty-five bushels per acre. And Mr. Swab says, it wasn't a very good corn year either.

Lame back comes on suddenly and is extremely painful. It is caused by rheumatism of the muscles. Quick relief is afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Sold by Murray & Bitner.

Number of Nails to a Horseshoe.

Centuries ago there lived a farrier, Walter le Brun by name, whose dexterity at the anvil on the occasion of a great tilting meeting on the banks of the Thames was noticed by the then reigning monarch, Edward III., who rewarded the blacksmith by granting him sufficient land adjoining the tilting green for the erection thereon of a forge. As quit rent he had to present annually to the king six horseshoes and sixty-one horseshoe nails. To the modern mind the number of nails would appear to be superfluous, but when it is remembered that the horseshoes of that period required ten nails apiece it will be seen that the calculations of Edward III. merely allowed one over in case of accident. Furthermore, the shoes were all to be for the horse's fore feet, from which fact some historians draw the inference that the animals ridden in the knights' tournaments were encouraged to injure each other with their front hoofs.—London News.

"Correct to a T."

Our earliest quotation for this or for the kindred phrases "to suit one to a T," "to fit to a T," "to know one to a T." is of 1693. Can any one help us to an earlier example? No one of our many instances throws any light upon its origin. A current obvious conjecture would explain "a T" as meaning "a T square," but to this there are various objections. We have no evidence as yet that the name "T square" goes back to the seventeenth century and no example of its being called simply "a T," and in few if any of our instances would the substitution of "a T square" for "a T" make any tolerable sense. The notion seems rather to be that of minute exactness, as it were "to the minutest point." But the evidence is mainly negative. If examples can be found of "T square" before 1700 or of its reduction simply to "T" or of earlier examples of "to a T" they may help to settle the actual origin.—London Notes and Queries.

The First Wire Nail.

Although the wire nail is a small thing, it would be a big thing to do without. Probably no one could estimate the millions or billions or trillions—whatever the number may be—that are used in a single year. Yet the first wire nails in the United States were made no longer ago than 1872. The first machine for their manufacture was brought over from Dusseldorf and set up in Covington, Ky. Later this single machine was multiplied by four and a company was organized. In 1884 the manufacture of wire nails was begun in Beaver Falls, Pa., and the product was already beginning to grow in popularity and usefulness. Just a year later a strike temporarily shut off the manufacture of cut nails, and the wire nail was in such demand that the manufacturers were swamped. From that time dates the supremacy of the wire nail.—Chicago Post.

The First Fireless Cooker.

Soon after the battle of White Plains, N. Y., while the American forces were drifting toward North Castle, the lone occupant of a house, one of the Pierce families, on the Bedford road at Pleasantville, N. Y., looking out of the window, descried a posse of Hessian soldiery coming up the pike. Having just placed a number of loaves of bread in the old Dutch oven, she bethought herself that it would be well to secrete them until the soldier band passed. She at once removed the loaves, which had already become heated, and ran up in the attic and placed them between two feather beds. The soldiers arrived in due time and soon appropriated everything removable. After their departure the housewife remembered the bread exodus, ran up the stairs, and, lo, the bread was done to the "queen's taste!"—Magazine of American History.

Figure It Out.

A beggar boy asked an old gentleman in the street for sixpence.

"What will you do with it if I give you one?" asked the old gentleman.

"Turn it into ninepence quick," replied the boy.

"How?"

"Give me the sixpence and I'll soon show you."

The boy got the money, darted off to a baker's shop and bought a three penny loaf, with which he returned to the old gentleman and handed him back 3 pennies.

"How's this? You said you would make the sixpence into ninepence."

"So I have. The baker's got threepence, you've got threepence, and I've got a threepenny loaf. That's ninepence."—Pearson's Weekly.

Late Hour Explained.

"What kept you until this late hour?" asked the husband of his suffragette wife.

"Well, my dear," she answered meekly, "you see it took us an hour to greet one another, the meeting lasted thirty minutes, and the rest of the time was spent in saying goodby."—Detroit Free Press.

When Women Run Us.

Friend—So your detective force is a failure? Chief Emma—Yes; we can't find any one who is willing to be a plain clothes woman.—Puck.

MINISTER INSTRUCTS HEARERS

On the Political Contest Throughout the State, in Reformed Church.

Appended are extracts from a sermon preached on the political contest throughout the state, in the Reformed church, Centre Hall, on Sunday evening, by Rev. Daniel Gress, the pastor:

Christians ought to be read as living epistles of truth in the home, making home life purer and happier and sweeter; ought to be workers making the church more influential in the community as a spiritualizing power; ought to be interested in the betterment of the schools, so that the youth may be properly equipped for life's service; ought to strive to set up a standard of righteousness in the state and nation, for righteousness exalteth a nation but sin is a reproach to any people.

A christian who is a living epistle of truth, will help to place men in public offices of honor and trust who are true and upright, not men who are ruled by gangs and machines and bosses, but men who are ruled by the spirit of truth, by a good conscience, who are living epistles of truth, and who are willing to do the will of the people, and to serve the best interests of the state and nation.

In the present political campaign in the state of Pennsylvania, there are three great parties; two are boss ridden this year. The leading candidates of these two parties have been brought before the people by what is familiarly known as the machine, composed largely of McNichol, Penrose, Vare and a few others. The character of one has been shown to be not very savory, especially not savory enough to be in the highest office of state. He has been engaged in a gigantic swindling scheme, or at least has not been able to show that he was not. He is not a member of any church. How can a christian support him?

The other leading candidate was nominated by the machine and liquor element at the Allentown Convention; was not the people's choice and is doomed to defeat.

One of these three parties stands for reform in political matters of this state, a reform which is so much needed. For the state of Pennsylvania is very corrupt politically. It is not governed by the Republican party, but by the machine. Just as other states have been governed by Democratic machines and bosses. It is the highest desire of this third party to overthrow some of this corruption in politics in this state, and to inaugurate a purer, a more honest and righteous government, which would be a government by the people, of the people and for the people.

Some such reform must come, if not this year, it will come some other year. The common people will some time awake to their duty, and will do it.

The common people must pay for the graft and corruption in the halls of state, by way of high taxes and various other ways. The common people must sometimes take a stand for reform and righteousness in politics.

The opportunity is offered this year, in this present campaign. A man stands at the head of the Keystone Party, who is God fearing, incorruptible; one who has been tried and found true, not ruled by any machine; independent of boss-rule. And that is why he was not wanted at the Allentown Convention as the head of a great party. His election was feared, and the bosses knew they could not control him in the halls of state. If the state of Pennsylvania had not elected Mr. Berry to the office of treasurer, a few years ago, the capitol graft scandal would never have been exposed. Other states of the Union look with admiration upon Pennsylvania for the way in which she cleaned house for awhile.

The state owes the highest honor to the man who was instrumental in exposing this graft and corruption. It is a proof that he can do more such work; that he will labor for purity, and honesty and reform, and uprightness, if given the opportunity by the votes of the common people, as governor of this state.

Woodrow Wilson, one of the candidates for governor of the state of New Jersey, said in an address the other day that this nation is being freed from boss-rule more and more; why not free New Jersey and why not free Pennsylvania? The Methodist church of which Mr. Berry is an honored member, and the Presbyterian church, in their highest bodies, have indorsed Mr. Berry and Mr. Gibboney as their logical candidates for governors of this state. And every christian who is a living epistle of the truth can with a clear conscience support the candidates who stand for reform and purity and righteous government and who will represent the people of this commonwealth.

The minister said he was not telling his hearers how they must vote on election day, but that he was telling them what he believed to be right, and then they could exercise their own conscience.

The contest this year is to establish supremacy of the people against corrupt politicians, the speaker continued. In this contest there is involved a great moral issue, which should be of the greatest interest to every true christian and moral reformer. The existing conditions of this contest make it imperative that party lines should be obliterated this year, and that only such men should be elected to office who stand for civic righteousness, purity, honesty, and independence of boss-rule, local option and every other moral reform conducive to the welfare of the state. And these objects can be best obtained in this old Keystone State this year by electing the candidates of the Keystone Party.

Christians can stand as living epistles of truth at the ballot box and vote in this way, was the closing thought of this feature of the discourse. ***

"DARN THE FLAG," IS ORDER.

No Treason in the Words, But Governmental Economy.

"Darn the American flag" is the latest order of the Administration. Edward Everett Hale's hero was sent to sea for life for putting it only a shade stronger than that, but for the employes who will obey the new injunction there will be nothing but praise. The new orders are in line with the government's policy of retrenchment, and the starry banners that fly every day from the staffs of thousands of Government buildings throughout the land will be worn to a frazzle before they can be replaced with new ones.

Not long ago Government employes were instructed to exercise greater economy in the use of lead pencils, and since the order went into effect there have been more stubs in use than ever before known in the history of the Government. Another order instructed the clerks to use both sides of scratch paper in figuring out memoranda and in writing the rough drafts of letters.

Now the flag is to be darned. When "Old Glory" shows signs of the wear and tear of the rippling breezes it will be sent to the repair shops.

Locals.

Pretty frosty weather, but then it is also November.

Miss Helen Williams, who is teaching school at Waddles, was in Centre Hall over Sunday.

The members of Progress Grange will give their usual Thanksgiving Day supper in Grange Arcadia.

J. Q. A Kennedy advertises that he is making a business of repairing watches, jewelry, etc, and that he is capable of doing high class work. See his adv.

Those who paid their taxes in time to get the percentage off, found some of the local taxes lessened, and none increased over last year. That sounds very good, and there is no complaint on the part of the tax payers.

While in a friendly tussle with a companion in her home at Linden Hall, Miss Ruth Ross, daughter of J. Hale Ross, fell in such a way as to break one of the bones in her limb at a point above the ankle. The fracture was reduced by Dr. E L. Kidder.

Miss Sara McClenahan, who is in the Harrisburg City Hospital, where she is recovering from a broken hip bone caused by falling off of a street car, is improving, and soon expects to leave the hospital. She, however, may not return to her home in Centre Hall for some weeks.

The present price of winter apples—fifty cents per bushel—is the best argument that more apple trees should be planted each year. There are waste places on almost every farm where apple trees could be grown, and in time these now unsightly spots would yield handsome returns. By all means, plant apple trees.

The Hearons Sisters gave their concert in Grange Arcadia Saturday evening to a large audience. It was the first of the five attractions making up the Centre Hall lecture course, and was the best musical ever given in the town. Each of the four sisters is an artist. The reader was heartily applauded for her cleverness in rendering a few numbers each one of which was the best.

A small quantity of alcohol which had leaked from a barrel in the basement of the Joseph Emmert drug store was ignited this morning when one of the clerks lighted a match to find the leak, states the Freeport (Illinois) Bulletin. He found it quicker than he expected. The alcohol caught fire and there was lots of smoke, and although the department was called, the service was not required.

[Continued from Previous Column.]

POST CARDS TABOOED.

Postal Authorities Decide That Duns Must Be Enclosed in Envelopes.

The attorney for the second assistant postmaster general of the United States has ruled that in the future no dunning postal cards shall be sent through the mails by public service corporations and delinquent tax collectors. The word dunning is defined to cover any postal card that refers directly or indirectly to any bill owing to the sender or in anyway containing a threat as to what will happen in the event of the bill not being paid by a stipulated time.

This ruling means that no statement of taxes may be sent on a postal card and that no second notices or final notices may be sent on postal cards. In addition it is declared that postal card notices calling attention to overdue bills cannot be sent out by gas companies, light companies or other public service corporations.

The result of the attorney's order will be that all tax notices, gas notices, light notices and telephone notices must be enclosed in an envelope. Many public service corporations have been accustomed to send their monthly statements on postal cards with the amount of reduction for prompt payment and also later postcard notices containing printed information as to what would happen if the bill was not paid.

The Ballot.

The official ballot shows seven state tickets in the field and has three columns. The first column contains the squares for straight tickets, there being a square for a straight ticket for each of the following parties: Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Socialist, Industrialist, Keystone and Workingmen's League, arranged in succession named.

The second column contains three blocks with the names of the candidates for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs, the nomination for each office being in a block with space for the voter to mark after each name.

In the third column there are blocks for congressional, senatorial and assembly nominations.

Under a decision of the supreme court there will be no election of a state treasurer.

In Clearfield Dr. Stewart, Democratic candidate for the State Senator, has been closely identified with the progress and development of Clearfield. He is a progressive, public spirited citizen and is always in the forefront of any movement tending towards improvement or betterment of his home town or county.

In addition to his interest in civic improvement, Dr. Stewart has always taken a prominent part in public school matters of all kinds. In 1906 he was elected a member of the school board from the First Ward and as a testimonial to his worth as a member of the Board when he was renominated last year he was endorsed for reelection on the Republican ticket as well, and he was unanimously elected. Although the School Board had been paying their treasurer a salary amounting to several hundred dollars a year, when Dr. Stewart was elected to the position, he very thoughtfully declined any compensation whatever, doing the work for nothing and allowing the usual salary to remain in the treasury of the school district.

It is not often the voter in the rural districts in Pennsylvania has as good an opportunity to counteract the gangsters in the cities as on next Tuesday. If the voters in the rural sections turn out and vote their conviction it will be all up with the political bosses so far as controlling the governor of Pennsylvania is concerned.

Dr. Stewart should receive the solid Democratic vote for state senator. He is thoroughly qualified in every way to represent this district in the state senate.

By all means, Mr. Voter, go to the election next Tuesday.

The election news will be put on the bulletin board at the Reporter office, next Tuesday evening. The news from Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, and, in fact, from all parts of the United States, will be posted. Arrangements will be made to receive a number of press dispatches. These will be reliable.

The old, old story, told times without number, and repeated over and over again for the last thirty-six years, but it is always a welcome story to those in search of health—there is nothing in the world that cures coughs and colds as quickly as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Sold by Murray and Bitner.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

George Doll is preparing to erect a ten-ton ice plant at Bellefonte.

Drover W. J. Mitterling purchased a car load of sheep which he shipped to the eastern markets.

Miss Bell Byers, of Chambersburg, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Emory Ripka, in Centre Hall.

Rev. C. C. Shuey and Collins Johnson, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday and Monday at the home of Shem Hackenberg.

W. I Zechman, of Salona, supervisory principal of the schools of Lamar township, has announced himself a candidate for superintendent of the public schools of Clinton county.

Blacksmith Mifflin Moyer and Harry Reish drove to the Ephraim Keller farm, tenanted by John Reish, near Pleasant Gap, Saturday afternoon, and swapped horses, the blacksmith and the Nittany Valley farmer doing the dealing.

E. R. Shreckengast has opened a store for the sale of patent medicine, drugs, tobacco, etc., in the room vacated by Druggist William Groff, in Millheim, who recently went to Philadelphia where he will again engage in the drug business.

M. Shires, for many years a resident of Spring Mills, has moved to Scranton, where his business interests require his time. He is district agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, which company he has represented for fifteen years.

Two 'coons and a cub bear were captured on Nittany Mountain by Howard Wells and Boyd Spicher, both of Pleasant Gap. When the cub was shot from the tree, the hunters expected a large 'coon to fall, but their disappointment was very agreeable.

Without a gun in his hand, Dairyman W. J. Smith sighted a large wild turkey gobbler crossing the pike leading over Nittany Mountain. The bird was a monster, and traveled as though on dress-parade, taking to wing only when his pursuer came up quite close.

Mrs. William Bauchman, of Lebanon, accompanied by her son Robert, came to Centre Hall Monday afternoon, to spend a week with Mrs. Anna Spangler, an aunt of the former. Mr. Bachman is the second son, and is employed in the state hospital at Norristown.

James A. Wensel, commissioners' clerk in Clinton county, tendered his resignation to the board of county commissioners, and D. I. McNaul was immediately elected his successor. Mr. Wensel leaves the commissioners' office to become the cashier of the new State bank, which will soon be started at Avis, that county.

The Millheim Journal in its last issue printed this personal notice: Mrs. E. B. McMullen, of Millheim, and Mrs. W. H. Philips, of Aaronsburg, left Tuesday to attend the meeting of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary society which convenes at Quakertown this week. After the meeting Mrs. Philips will spend several weeks visiting relatives at Philadelphia and Mrs. McMullen will visit friends in that city, Harrisburg and Shamokin before returning home.

The routemen for the various creameries in Penns Valley report the supply of cream to be keeping up remarkably well for this season of the year. The well-filled hay mows, oats and barley bins, and overflowing corn cribs will all aid in greatly increasing the supply of butter and cream over the production of last winter, when the grains of all kinds were scarce and higher in price. The well-fed cow will return a profit just as certainly as the poorly fed cow will lose money to her owner. Of course, the farmer knows all this, yet he needs to be encouraged to do as well as he knows how, and if the present supply of cream is to be kept up, liberal feeding must begin now.

Bad, poor and very good are the adjectives that describe the condition of the old pike from the Old Fort to Millheim. Through Potter township, this important road is in bad condition; through Gregg township the road is poor, yet the township authorities have been doing some work and no doubt intend doing much more. In Penn township the greater part of the old pike has been reconstructed—rounded up and top dressed with finely crushed stone, which are becoming firmly united, making a very desirable road bed. Good roads are a great benefit to every one in the community. Good roads not only add to the comfort and convenience of the traveler, but they add to the value of the real estate through which they pass. Better roads can be had almost everywhere, but good roads should be the ultimate aim.

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FOR CLEAN FOODS.

Addressing the American Health association in convention at Milwaukee, Prof. James O. Jordan of Boston, chairman, pointed out the need of protecting foods from contamination not only by dirt, dust, insect life, dogs and cats, but also from handling by human being, says the Buffalo Express. He must have had in mind careless masses to whom the rules of cleanliness are practically unknown. The effort of the day, among civilized people is generally for clean food. Restaurants are sometimes accused of being less particular than they should be, but local health officials can keep them up to the standard or have them discontinued. If such power is not accessible by any health officer, legislation should provide for such an arrangement. Professor Jordan spoke also for milk, saying: "Less money spent on millinery and beer and more devoted to procuring clean milk will yield health dividends more than commensurate with the capital thus invested." It is hardly necessary for the individual to forego much beer or much millinery to provide clean milk. The task is the community's. Only one class of milk should be tolerated, and that, clean, reasonably rich, and delivered in cleanly vessels and vehicles.

A part of the theory touching the nature of matter is that the ions, which are the constituents of atoms, are not only in constant motion, but that this energy is working toward a lower quality of matter; that is, that gold is developing toward copper or toward some other kind of metal of less value. So of silver and the diamond. These precious metals never transmute upward, but always downward. The changes may not be observed in centuries, but in millions of years they will manifest themselves. This disintegration of the atom and its transmutation into the base metals suggest two inferences—either the advance of civilization in the eradication of gold and other precious metals, or that the so-called baser metals are of greater value and use in the social economy. Of course, long before the eradication of gold through this process, mankind will disappear from the planet. yet the lesson is left by this scientific discovery that in the great plan of nature, copper and iron are more to be esteemed than gold or silver.

The day of a doze is no more—that delicious moment as the day breaks, when the sleeper wakes and rolls over in a half dream and yields himself to a drowsy spell that gives to joy a sort of real existence—well, it is no more. These days of advance have blotted it out. Invention and rapid life are too many for it. When a person wakes, he wakes. No lotus-eating for him. No floating away on a silvery mist out into the land of forgetfulness. Listen to that motor cycle running from away down the street, sputtering, cracking and crashing as it comes, rushing past your window as the very devil himself would; and then, that snorting, ripping and slashing clamor sweeping by in the form of an automobile—good-by, old Somnus and Momus, and all ye divinities of night and sleep, farewell, says the Ohio State Journal. Some day we may meet again, but in some other world or some other time when the long, lingering doze at dawn may be looked upon as one of the sacred rights of mankind.

Before the year's outing season is over nearly half a million persons will have sought recreation and health in the national forests. The use of the forests for recreation is as yet in its beginning, but is growing steadily and rapidly—in some of the forests at the rate of 100 per cent. per annum. The day seems not far distant when 1,000,000 persons will annually visit them. The records show that the seasonal use of the forests runs from two months in a Colorado forest, such as the Routt, to 12 months in an Alaskan, such as the Tongass. But the uses differ. In Colorado the 2,000 visitors entered the forest to fish, to camp, to climb and to drink the medicinal waters; in Alaska, the 1,000 almost solely to hunt and fish. The 21,000 persons who went into the Conconino forest, Arizona, during nine months went to camp or to enjoy the scenery. The most popular of the forests is the Pike, containing the famous peak of that name.

The official census-statistics give Chicago a population of 2,185,293, a gain of 486,708 in ten years. This is doing very well, as the returns show Chicago to be the second city in the United States in number of inhabitants, ranking next to New York both in population and in rate of increase. Yet Chicago is not satisfied. The metropolis thought it should have at least 3,000,000. Apparently the only way to get such a total is to annex some more of the outlying territory.

PORTUGAL SEPARATES CHURCH AND STATE

A Decree Issued By Provisional Government.

DECLARES FOR FREEDOM OF THE PRESS

Provisional Government Officials Decline Invitation To Attend a Memorial Mass For Victims Of the Revolution—A System Of Government Like That Of the United States Is Advocated By the Portuguese Press.

Lisbon (Special).—The separation of the church and state was announced in a decree just issued by the provisional government. Another decree published declares for the freedom of the press.

The government declined the invitation to attend a memorial mass for the victims of the revolution, on the ground that it desired to remain neutral in matters of religion.

The press generally favors the inauguration of a system of government, with a president and cabinet similar to that in the United States, in preference to the system of parliamentary government generally in vogue on the Continent of Europe.

Among the measures being prepared by the Minister of Justice is a new divorce law, based, it is said, upon the principle of separation by mutual consent.

Rome (Special).—The Pope gave a private audience to Monsignor Tonti, the papal nuncio at Lisbon. The Pontiff expressed regret that currency had been given to false reports regarding the religious orders in Portugal.

Madrid (Special).—In a speech in the Senate Senor Canalejas, the premier, declared that if Parliament did not pass the "Padlock Bill," which prohibits the creation of further religious establishments until the Concordat with the Vatican has been completed, he would resign.

The Premier said it was his intention later to present a bill in the Cortes modifying the law relating to religious orders, but that the passage of the "Padlock Bill" was necessary, in order to help solve the clerical problem. He claimed that the critical hour had sounded for the church in Spain, and asked the aid of all Liberals, that an equitable and definite settlement of the relations between the government and the Vatican might be reached.

BLAME DISASTER ON GAS.

Report Of Labor Men On Explosion In Los Angeles Times Office.

San Francisco (Special). — The committee appointed by the State Federation of Labor to investigate the Los Angeles Times disaster presented a report to the Executive Council, finding that the explosion was caused by gas.

"The only tenable theory so far advanced," says the report, "is that leaks in the Times building let loose so much gas that by coming into contact with an open fire such as a lighted match or the fires in the printing department, there was a disastrous explosion."

AMERICAN LOANS SIGNED.

China To Get $50,000,000 From New York Bankers.

Peking (Special).—The proposed $50,000,000 loan of the Chinese government from an American group of bankers has been consummated. It was announced that the Prince Regent had ratified it.

Clear Christmas Mails.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—To keep the mails clear for Christmas traffic the Postoffice Department notified all postmasters to time their requisitions for supplies so as to avoid shipment of them from Washington between December 19 and 27. This action is expected to relieve the mails throughout the country of a great bulk at a time when they are heavily taxed with holiday business.

Fire Loss $2,000,000.

Victoria, B. C. (Special).—Fire swept through the heart of the city's business section, wiping out several of the finest buildings and inflicting a loss estimated at from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000. The fire started in the department store of David Spencer & Co., Limited, one of the largest retail establishments in Victoria.

Train Hits Work Gang.

Piedmont, W. Va. (Special).—A passenger train plowed through a gang of Italian workmen, killing three and fatally injuring two.

317 Bodies Recovered.

Naples (Special).—Official reports received from the prefect of the Island of Ischia, from the province of Salerno and from the Vesuvian communities state that 317 bodies of victims of the recent storm disaster have been recovered.

Jealous Wife Takes Poison.

Taylorsville, Ill. (Special).—Prompted by jealousy, Mrs. W. B. McBride, wife of an attorney, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid.

THE BAY OF NAPLES SWEPT

Devastated By Peculiar Combinations of the Elements.

Naples (Special).—The beautiful coasts of the Bay of Naples and the Gulf of Salerno and the islands of Ischia and Procida have been devastated by a peculiar combination of the elements. The exact number of victims has not been learned, but 100 or more perished. The monetary loss is great.

The disaster appears to have come in the form of a cyclone having three centers, the first over the island of Ischia, the second over the town of Torre Del Greco on the east of the Bay of Naples, and the third sweeping the Gulf of Salerno.

Accompanying a cyclone were a cloudburst, a tidal wave and violent eruptions from Mount Vesuvius and from a crater suddenly opened on the summit of the long-extinct Mount Epomeo, on the Island of Ischia.

Ischia and the adjacent islands suffered most. No Americans are reported in the troubled zone, foreigners having recently given that section a wide berth because of the cholera epidemic.

The towns chiefly damaged are Cassamiccola, Lacciomeno, Positano, Torre del Greco, Resina and Portici in the Province of Naples, and Amalfi, Vietri, Majori, Minori, Pontecagnano and Cetara, Province of Selerno. There are victims everywhere.

Details which are slowly arriving show that each afflicted town and village has its own tale of horror. A dozen were killed here and a score there. Houses and churches were razed. The loss in crops is incalculable. The sea off the Salerno coast is covered with wreckage, consisting of ruined houses, furniture, timbers, trees and carcasses of animals. Some parents, seeing their children engulfed in the flowing mud, committed suicide. The mud in some of the valleys below Mount Pomeo is 20 feet deep.

Throughout the night much confusion existed, as the failure of the electric and telegraph wires left the territory in darkness and without means of easy communication. Admiral Leonardi, minister of marine, is at Ischia organizing the relief, for which $400,000 is already available.

FISH FOOD AND CANCER.

Dogs Trained To Marine Diet To Be Used For Experiment.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Shipped to the Maine hatcheries by the Bureau of Fisheries were seven dogs trained to marine diet which will be used in experiments to determine whether cancer is communicable through use of fish as food. For a long time it has been a mooted question whether human beings could acquire cancer from fish, and the dogs will serve in the place of people in these experiments which are incidental to a general investigation as to the food value of various fishes and fish products.

GOLD-LADEN SHIP LOST.

Alaskan Schooner Believed To Have Sunk With All On Board.

Seattle, Wash. (Special).—The agsoline schooner, Mary Sachs, Capt. Peter Barnard, from Kotzeberg, bound for Nome, and carrying a crew of 2 and 14 miners from the Squirrel River diggings, with $70,000 in gold dust, is 23 days overdue at Nome. The boat is believed to have gone down, with all on board. Violent storms have raged since the vessel began her voyage.

The schooner was owned by H. O. Greenbrug, a Nome mining operator.

MUTILATED HIMSELF.

Eugene Lussier's Attempt To Avoid Military Service Fails.

Atlanta, Ga. (Special).—Although he shot off a portion of his right index finger to escape military service, Private Eugene Lussier, Company I, Seventeenth United States Infantry, did not free himself from military domination. His sentence to one year's imprisonment at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for wilfully disabling himself was announced, in addition to his dishonorable discharge from the service.

Wrestler Indicted.

Edwardsville, O. (Special).—Two indictments were returned against John Burton, professional wrestler, charged with killing Leo Wentz and Louis A. Weibracht, on August 14, with a strangle hold in a fight. His bail was fixed at $10,000. His father, Alderman George Burton, of Alton, Ill., arranged to give bond.

Judge Bristow Dead.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—Judge F. H. Bristow, one of Southern Kentucky's best-known citizens, died at Elkton, Ky., of a complication of diseases. He was a brother of the late Gen. Benjamin Bristow, secretary of the Treasury under President Grant.

Decoration for Marylander.

Chicago (Special.)—In appreciation of his interest in the French language and French people, Dr. Harry Pratt Johnson, president of the University of Chicago, has been presented with the decoration of officer of the Legion of Honor, Baron H. de Saint-Laurent, French consul in Chicago, making the presentation. Dr. Johnson is a Marylander and a brother of Mrs. James M. Robertson, of Cambridge, Md.

SIX AIR NAVIGATORS KILLED THE PAST MONTH

An Italian in a Biplane the Latest Victim.

A GREAT MONTH FOR RECORDS

Daring Flights Of Aviators Johnstone and Hoxsey In a Gale Of Wind Blowing Forty Miles An Hour—Poised In Air Like Gulls, But Unable To Come To Earth—Blown 25 and 50 Miles Backward—Latham Edges Into Gale Like a Ferryboat.

Rome (Special). — Lieutenant Saglietti fell with a military biplane in which he was maneuvering, and was instantly killed. The machine was wrecked.

The past month has been a record one, in so far as aviation disasters are concerned, for no less than six daring aerial navigators have met death. It is true that it has also been a great month for the breaking of all records—altitude, distance, endurance and maneuvering. The death toll follows:

September 29—George Chavez, the Peruvian aviator, who was injured in alighting after his flight over the Alps. He was the first to cross the chain of mountains. Died in Domodossola, Italy.

September 29 — Aviator Flochmann, who was injured on Saturday, 28, when his biplane collapsed at Muelhausen, Germany. He was precipitated 150 feet, and succumbed without regaining consciousness.

October 1—Aviator Haas, machine fell 100 feet at Metz, Germany, killing him instantly. He was making a flight from Treves to Metz and had been in the air only 20 minutes.

October 7 — Captain Macievich, Russian military aviator, killed at St. Petersburg by being thrown from his Voisen biplane. He had reached the height of 3,937 feet and started to descend. When 1,640 feet from the ground his machine turned turtle.

October 23—Capt. Madiot, French military aviator, killed at aerodrome at Doual, France. He was making his first practice flight when he tried to stop his motor at a height of 100 feet. The machine plunged to the ground.

October 25—Lieutenant Monte fell with a Wright aeroplane at Magdeburg, Prussia, and was instantly killed. The machine was smashed to bits.

October 26—M. Blanchard fell from a height of 100 feet at Paris and was instantly killed. He had just made a successful flight from Bourges.

ANOTHER CHANCE FOR HIM.

Judge Latshaw Releases Archdeacon Smith Indefinitely.

Kansas, City, Mo. (Special).—Another chance is to be given Rev. Henry B. Smith, a former archdeacon of the Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Oklahoma, arrested for passing $2,000 in worthless checks.

The prisoner told influential friends that drink caused his downfall. Judge Latshaw said he would release the prisoner indefinitely, provided he paid the holders of the checks the amounts they had lost. This Smith agreed to do.

AIRSHIP COMPANY CHARTERED.

International Also Authorized To Build Cycles and Motorboats.

Dover, Del. (Special).—A corporation known as the International Automobile and Engine Company, which is authorized to manufacture airships, motorcycles and motorboats, was chartered at the State Department here. The company's authorized capital, in which it paid a State tax, is $10,000,000. The incorporators are William D. Yarnall, of Yeadon, Pa.; Elwood H. James, Sharon Hill, Pa., and S. C. Seymour, Camden, N. J.

The Fastest Cruiser.

Berlin (Special).—With expressions of pride the afternoon papers published the official figures of the speed trials of the new armored cruiser Von der Tenn. Her average speed in six trials was 27.3 knots an hour over a six-knot course. At one time during the trial the vessel reached a speed of 28.12 knots. It is pointed out that the speed of the British cruiser Invincible is 26.65 knots an hour, and that therefore the Von der Tenn is the fastest cruiser in the world.

Bacon At 40 Cents.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—According to dealers, bacon reached the highest point ever recorded. Retailers quoted it at 40 cents a pound, and said it would probably advance a couple of cents more within a week.

Orinoco Company Wins.

The Hague (Special).—A decision rendered by the International Court of Arbitration in the Orinoco case awarded the Orinoco Steamship Company, an American corporation, $46,867 with 3 per cent. interest from June 16, 1903, and $7,000 costs. The judgment is to be paid by Venezuela within two months. The barge award of $28,700, made in 1904, was declared null and void on four points. The dispute arose over the abrogation of a contract between Venezuela and the company by President Castro.

FORTY BANKERS IN PRISON

Twelve Hope to Be Paroled From Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, Kan. (Special).—Several hundred convicts, 12 of whom are former bankers, are eagerly looking forward to the meeting of the board of parole which is expected to convene here early in November. At this time the board will consider applications for parole under the act of Congress approved last June.

There are forty members in the banker's colony and some have such short time to serve that they have not applied for their freedom, preferring to serve their time rather than to be released under parole.

Among those who are eligible to receive the benefits of the law are: Frank Biglow, of Milwaukee; J. L. Broderick, Elkhart, Ind.; H. A. Consman, Terre Haute, Ind.; Fred Lubbe, Indianapolis; W. H. Schmidt and S. G. Brannard, Cleveland, and C. H. Thornton, Chicago.

John R. Walsh will not be eligible until October, 1911, but has a petition far pardon pending now. W. W. Montgomery, Pittsburg, Pa., political adviser of the late Senator Quay, will not be eligible until September, 1914. The law in regard to the parole system provides that every prisoner who has served one-third of his total sentence, and whose record shows he has observed the rules of the prison, may be paroled at the discretion of the board.

ETHEL LENEVE ACQUITTED.

Girl In Love With Dr. Crippen Found Not Guilty.

London (Special).—After a trial lasting only a few hours in the New Bailey Criminal Court, a jury found Ethel Clara Leneve not guilty as an accessory after the fact in the murder of Cora Belle Crippen, for whose death her husband, Dr. H. H. Crippen, will die on the gallows on November 8.

Miss Leneve was in love with Dr. Crippen and slept in his house on the night of the day following the day upon which the doctor murdered his wife and buried the dismembered parts in the cellar of his Hilldrop Crescent home. She accompanied Crippen in his flight to Canada, and with him was arrested and indicted.

WORLD'S FAIR ABANDONED.

New York Lacks Time For Plans and Transit Facilities.

New York (Special).—The proposal, made some months ago, that New York city hold a World's Fair in 1913, to celebrate the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of Manhattan Island, was rejected on the ground of expediency, at a meeting of the Committee of One Hundred appointed by Mayor Gaynor to look into the matter. It was argued that there would be lack of time to perfect such an immense project, and that the transit facilities were inadequate to meet the demands.

OFFERS CHINA $30,000,000 LOAN.

Former American Consul Cloud Makes a Bid.

Peking (Special).—Frederick D. Cloud, formerly American Consul at Antung, has notified the Chinese Government that Americans represented by him are willing to take up the loan of $30,000,000 for the Hankow-Sze-Chuen Railroad, satisfactory terms for which have not yet been agreed upon by the original American group of financiers.

It is understood that Mr. Cloud is acting without the support of the American Legation.

Wig Saves Her Life.

Winsted, Conn. (Special).—Arline Klaus, of Chicago, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles H. Barreuther, climbed an apple tree on Pratt Mountain to get some luscious fruit when suddenly the limb on which she was standing broke. Her hair became entangled in a limb as she dropped, and she came to the ground leaving her hair dangling to the tree. Others in the party thought she had been scalped. She wore a wig, which saved her life.

Town Near Wiped Out.

Johnstown, Pa. (Special).—The town of Boswell, about 20 miles south of here, was almost completely wiped out by fire. The blaze, which was of unknown origin, consumed the Merchants' Hotel, August Brothers' clothing store, the Boswell Livery Stable, the Opera House, and at least a dozen residences.

Auto Wreck Fatal.

New Britain, Conn. (Special).—Dr. A. J. Tanner, of Meriden, was killed and H. A. Hunter, also of that city, was probably fatally injured when the automobile in which they were riding was wrecked in collision with a trolley car.

Wolf Kills Deer In Town.

Durango, Col. (Special).—Chased from its haunts in the mountains by a ravenous timber wolf, a half-brown deer took refuge in the business districts of Silverton, a town of 2,000 people, and was killed by the beast before a large crowd of people, neither animal paying any attention to the crowd while the chase was on.

The frightened deer ran into the town as a place of refuge.

STRIKE RIOTS IN NEW YORK CITY

Many Are Injured in Clashes With the Police.

THE EXPRESS BUSINESS DEMORALIZED

The Entire Metropolitan Police Force Of 9,000 Members Held In Reserve For Emergency—Third Regiment New Jersey National Guard Ordered To Prepare For Active Duty—Determined Demonstration Made In Front Of J. P. Morgan's House.

New York (Special).—The metropolitan district is still in the grip of the express strike. Nine companies are now affected, more than 5,000 men are out and rioting continues. A special order was issued at police headquarters holding practically the entire New York police force of more than 9,000 men in reserve for an emergency.

In Jersey City the police, battered by days of street disorder, are still trying to cope with the situation unaided except by private detectives.

The nine companies whose drivers and helpers are demanding increased pay and shorter hours are the American, United States, Wells-Fargo, Adams, National, Westcott and Long Island Express Companies, the Boston Despatch Express and the Manhattan Delivery Company.

There were no fatalities during the day's rioting, but more than 50 strike-breakers, strikers and police were hurt, many of them seriously, in street clashes in New York and Jersey City. These riots occurred when wagons manned by strike-breakers were stormed in the face of police repulsion, and notwithstanding that a detective with a rifle sat beside each driver.

Shots were repeatedly fired over the heads of the besieging strikers, but no sooner was one crowd dispersed than another collected. Traces were cut, packages scattered in the streets and in some cases destroyed. An appalling lot of perishable goods is collecting and unless the companies soon are able better to meet the situation they will lose thousands of dollars.

In front of J. Pierpont Morgan's home, in Madison avenue, the strikers made a determined demonstration and the police were forced to charge the mob and fire volleys in the air with their revolvers. The fight centered in two American Express Company wagons manned by strike-breakers. There were many broken heads, but no fatal injuries. Another serious clash took the form of a running battle between strikers and strike sympathizers on one hand and strike-breakers and police on the other. The battle started at Forty-fourth street and Fifth avenue, waged down the avenue to Forty-second street, swept across Broadway, thence south to the Hotel Albany, where the strikers and sympathizers made a final stand.

An American Express Company wagon, said to have contained $50,000 in specie, was the object of attack. Police finally drove off the besiegers.

WOLF CARRIED OFF BOY.

Screams Of Girl Frightened Beast and Saved Lad.

Marshfield, Wis (Special).—The screams of the five-year-old daughter of Herman Bildrien, who lives two miles from this city, saved the life of the farmer's two-year-old son, who was being carried away by a huge timber wolf. The wolf entered the farm yard, where the children were playing, and seizing the boy, started for the woods. The girl, however, ran after her brother, screaming until the wolf was so frightened that it dropped the boy practically unhurt.

Murders Wife and Baby.

St. Clarisville, O. (Special).—The bodes of Blarius Nachoulter, a miner and railroad worker, his 21-year-old wife and their baby, aged two years, were found in the same room at their home. All had been shot. It is believed that Nachoulter, jealous of his wife, killed her and the child and then committed suicide.

One Killed In Wreck.

Chattanooga, Tenn. (Special).—Passenger train No. 4 on the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway was wrecked between Bridgeport and Stevenson, Ala. One person was killed and several are reported seriously injured.

Mother and Babe Burned.

Spencer, N. C. (Special)]—While holding in her arms her one-year-old baby, Mrs. Henry Morris, 30 years old, fainted at her home, near China Grove, falling into an open fire. Mother and child were burned to death.

Athlete At 94.

Emaus, Pa. (Special).—Samuel Stout, of Emaus, aged 94 years, the second oldest man in Lehigh county, performed a feat that would put many an athlete of 20 to blush. Rising before dawn, he walked 12 miles to visit his daughter at Dillingersville, in the lower end of the county. After a hearty dinner he spent the entire afternoon husking corn with a party of workers from 30 to 60 years his junior.

The Way of a Man With a Maid.

Some girls I have wooed with infinite tact,
And some with fire and flame;
And some I have never wooed at all,
But—kissed them, just the same!

And it isn't the man, nor a matter of charm,
Nor a matter of love, I trow,
That counts when it comes to getting a kiss—
It's simply knowing how!

A Wandering Destiny

By MABEL CHASE ENGLAND

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The country road, unshaded by tree or shrub, stretched straight and dusty under the burning August sun. A girl in cool white came slowly out of a gateway, clicked the latch behind her and stood gazing dubiously at the book and a box of chocolates; with the other she raised her ruffled skirts. A mile to the woods, a short walk along a shady path to the bank of the river, then—her canoe—the book—the chocolates, and——

With sudden decision she stepped into the road and began picking her way gingerly along the edge. When she reached the opening in the woods where the path began she heaved an immense sigh of relief, but without pausing kept steadily on till she reached the bank of the river. There she sank down on the log to which her small canoe was moored, threw off her hat, and gasped.

"Phew!" she said. "I don't believe I'd do that again."

She sat a few moments, her chin on her hands, gazing out over the shaded river, then, stepping into her canoe she arranged herself comfortable on a pile of cushions, places the book and the chocolates conveniently beside her and pushed off.

The air was brooding and somnolent; the silence deep. She drifted lazily—just a touch here and there with the paddle to guide her. A faint wind blew from the south and gently lifted the soft hair from her brow. The moments passed. Slowly, almost imperceptibly, the little canoe crept along. Zoe's eyes rested steadily on a distant curve in the bank.

"It was just beyond that," she murmured.

She rounded the bend cautiously. Her heart gave an excited little throb. He was there. He lay facing the river, his head thrown back on his arm, his whole graceful length extended in an attitude of utter repose.

"Asleep!" thought Zoe resentfully, and yesterday he had had his back to

She Drifted Lazily.

the river and hadn't appeared to see her as she slipped past. Just why she had thought of him till late in the night and dreamed of him till dawn she had failed to determine. Nor was her chance to discover what compelling characteristics lurked in his silent personality. She hesitated, making sure of his absolute unconsciousness. At last she turned her canoe toward him, propelled it slowly, carefully, till its bow ran noiselessly into the soft mud of the bank.

Her paddle across her knees, she leaned forward, eagerly, to inspect undisturbed this sleeping young prince of the woods. What a physique!—what features!—what an absolutely ideal type for the hero of a sylvan adventure, a little love idyll, such as the whole scenario seemed to suggest.

"I believe," she reflected dreamily, "if father would only let me alone I'd fall in love with some one just exactly like this and under some just romantic condition. But I will not"—here her reflections grew energetically rebellious—"marry that Tom Driscoll he's always talking about, and I won't stay at home to be baited with him when he comes. Oh, if I could ever"—she drew a long sigh—"meet an unusual type of man in an unusual way."

At this point in her reflections, suddenly and without preliminary stir or motion, his eyes opened full upon her.

They stared at each other, he too astonished, she too panic-stricken to move.

"Please don't vanish," he murmured at last. "I'm afraid to wink."

"Oh, what can I say?" thought Zoe wildly.

"I—I was so astonished to see you," she stammered. "I just stopped to—to make sure you were—"

"A man and not a faun," he suggested helpfully.

"No," she contradicted, frowning, "that you were asleep and not—not dead. You see, I have never before seen a man in these wilds, and—"

"Not even a dead one?" he interrupted, laughing.

"No." She smiled distantly. "Not even a tramp. And I wondered—I thought—"

"I was here yesterday," he reproached her.

"He saw me!" she thought indignantly. "He thinks I came down here today on the chance of meeting him, the conceited—"

"I paddle down here every day," she informed him coldly.

"Oh, really!" he exclaimed, with open delight. "It's awfully nice of you to tell me. I'll be here fishing every afternoon, and—"

"I didn't mean that," she flashed back furiously.

He looked dejected. "Pardon me," he said, "I don't suppose you did. I merely meant that—that— Oh, please don't go," as she prepared to push off. Seizing a fallen branch he dexterously hooked it through the long rope that was tied to the bow of her canoe, and drawing it toward him grasped it firmly. "I simply meant," he proceeded with calmness, "that I was coming here, always, every afternoon to fish. You don't mind that, do you?" he inquired humbly.

"I don't care in the least what you do," she retorted, with angry disdain.

He gave the rope a couple of turns around his wrist and settled himself comfortably.

"In that case I shall sit here and talk to you," he announced.

For answer Zoe pulled herself carefully toward the bow and began to work busily at the knot that secured her end of the rope to the little iron ring in the bow of the canoe.

"Of course, I might offer to help you," he mused aloud, "but under the circumstances— What! You're going to give it up? Well, that is more sensible. I'm afraid that knot was put in to stay."

Zoe moved back to her former position and rearranged herself on the cushions, after which she opened her book and began to read and munch chocolates.

He watched her a moment.

"Isn't this idyllic?" he murmured contentedly.

Zoe helped herself to another chocolate and turned a page of the book.

The minutes waned. Half an hour passed—an hour. The silent and peaceful companionship worked like oil on the troubled waters of Zoe's resentment. An unconscious happiness and contentment stole into her heart. She risked a glance at him. He was thoroughly "nice," she decided.

At this moment, as if sensing her softened mood, he leaned over and peered into the canoe.

"Greedy!" he murmured. "Only three left!"

Zoe struggled with herself, then laughed.

"Won't you throw the rope back now, please?" she begged. "It is late and I have some distance to paddle."

He looked contrite. "I've been a brute," he apologized humbly, "but I just couldn't help it. I knew if I once let you go that would be the end of me—you'd simply disappear forever. And—and really, you know, it's lonely about here."

"Isn't it!" agreed Zoe, with quick sympathy.

"And so why," he asked eagerly, "shouldn't we amuse each other a little? I'm staying with my uncle, back there, on my way to Southampton, to visit a friend of mine, and—"

"Southampton!" exclaimed Zoe. "Why, that's where I live!"

"Really!" His face beamed. "Do you happen to know a Mr. Brentley and his daughter?"

"My father!" Zoe gasped, "and—myself! You are not—don't tell me—" she began to laugh helplessly.

"I am Tom Driscoll," he said solemnly. "And you—what are you doing—" he pulled the canoe nearer—"up here? I was going—you know that I was going, simply—to meet—you!"

"I ran away," gurgled Zoe. "Father had talked about you so much I—I hated you! Oh, what a joke!"

"It's anything but a joke if you hate me," objected Mr. Driscoll gloomily.

Zoe lifted a flushed, dimpled face.

"Well I—I hadn't seen you then," she admitted.

He looked into her eyes.

"Do you think I might paddle you home?" he asked.

TO VARY THE MENU

SOME SIMPLE DAINTIES THAT ARE EASILY PREPARED.

Ice Cream That Takes But Little Time to Get Ready for the Table—Rice Water Jelly—For Lincoln Pie.

Fine Ice Cream.—One pint milk, one cup sugar, two tablespoons flour, one saltspoon salt, one egg, one pint to one quart cream (or milk), one-half to one cup sugar, one tablespoon flavor; boil the milk, mix the sugar, flour, salt and egg and cook 20 minutes after egg, sugar, flour and salt are added to the boiling milk. This is cheap and fine.

Fowl in Batter.—Take the remains of a cold fowl, divide into neat joints, remove all skin, dip each piece into seasoned flour, rub over with a little salad oil and set aside. Prepare a good frying batter, dip each piece of fowl into it and fry in deep fat. Serve round a pile of peas or French beans.

Rice Water Jelly.—Wash two and a half tablespoonfuls of rice in several waters and cook in a quart of water for one hour, or until the rice is entirely dissolved. Add a pinch of salt. Sweeten to taste. Stir in the juice of one or two lemons. Strain into a mold and when cold serve with sugar and cream. This is an excellent dish for children and invalids.

Lincoln Pie.—One pint stewed sour apples, sifted; butter size of an egg, two tablespoons flour, grated rind and juice of a lemon, yolks of three eggs, beaten. Sweeten to taste. Bake with lower crust, and when done spread a meringue of the whites of three eggs, beaten with three tablespoons sugar over the top, and brown in oven.

Quince Honey.—Pare and grate three large quinces. Make a syrup of three pints of sugar and 1½ pints of water. Boil together about twenty minutes.

Swiss Dumplings.

One pound sausage bought at a German delicatessen store, as the others will not do. Remove from skins and to it add one egg, salt and pepper, tablespoon of flour and one-quarter loaf of bread which has been soaked in milk and then pressed thoroughly till quite dry. Mix well together and form in balls about the size of large marbles. Drop in boiling water, salted, and cook until they float. Now remove to a dish and make a butter sauce. Melt a piece of butter size of an egg and add a tablespoon of flour. When well blended, add slowly, stirring all the time, clear beef stock or the liquid the dumplings were boiled in, enough to just cover them. When the consistency of cream, put in dumplings and reheat. A little boiled cauliflower added is very nice.

Red Pepper Sweet Pickle.

Soak the peppers in boiling water about twenty minutes, then lay in cold brine over night to draw out the crude juices of the vegetable. Cut in thin slices, discarding all the seeds and stringy pulp, and make into a sweet pickle, precisely as pears, apples or peaches are pickled. A standard formula for this is three pounds of sugar, a pint of cider vinegar, two tablespoons each of whole cloves, allspice and cinnamon. Scald all together and cook until the pepper is tender. Remove the peppers and cook the syrup long enough to thicken slightly, then pour over the sliced pepper. This is an excellent relish with roasted meat.

Bread Pudding.

One pint bread crumbs.
One cup sugar.
Grated peel of one lemon.
Yolks of four eggs.
One quart of milk.

Soak the breadcrumbs in the milk about 15 minutes, then add the yolks of eggs well beaten, the grated lemon peel and sugar.

Beat all well together and bake about half an hour.

After the pudding is baked cover it with a layer of jelly and then with the meringue made of the whites of the eggs beaten stiff, with four tablespoonfuls of sugar.

Return to oven and brown delicately.

Cauliflower Pudding.

Break a cauliflower into sprigs and soak in cold salted water for half an hour, then drain. Cover with sweet milk and boil until tender. Drain, add one cupful of bread crumbs, one-half cupful of the milk, the same of thick sweet cream, the well beaten yolks of four eggs, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a pinch of ground mace and a dash of cayenne, two tablespoonfuls of soft butter and the juice of half a lemon. Mix well, pour into a buttered pudding dish and bake in a slow oven until firm.

Sweet Apples With Cider.

Pare, core and slice sweet apples and stew slowly in sweet cider. I also add good cup of sugar and some stick cinnamon to every gallon of cider. Resembles quince sauce and is delicious. I am somewhat slow sending you a recipe, but sure, nevertheless.

Popcorn Pudding.

Roll 1 pint of freshly popped corn. Add to it 1½ pints milk, ½ cup sugar, 3 eggs, well-beaten, and a little salt and nutmeg. Bake like a custard about 20 minutes.

PROPER CARE OF MATTRESS

Bedding Not Hard to Keep in Condition, Though Constant Care Is Necessary.

An immaculate mattress is more than the sign of a good housewife. It is essential to good health. Even a clean sheet will not keep a sensitive person from shrinking if the mattress looks queer.

There need be little excuse for any dust if care be taken. Every mattress should have a twilled muslin cover that buttons on, so that it can be frequently washed.

If a mattress is for a big double bed it should be in two parts for easier turning. The extra-careful housewife pulls the mattress up over the footboard each morning, so that it airs on all sides. It should at least be turned once a day, not always in the same direction. This prevents the ugly ridge when two are sleeping in the bed.

Rubber sheeting should be used under the linen in cases of sickness. In an emergency folded newspapers are a good substitute.

The easiest way to clean a mattress is by the vacuum cleaner. If it must be done at home, put it in a slightly dampened sheet and beat with a wicker carpet beater until all the dirt seems to be out; then take a new sheet, turn the mattress and repeat.

AMERICAN PATE DE FOI GRAS

Imitation of European Delicacy That Is Easily Within the Reach of All.

Take 1 pound of beef liver, 1 large onion (cut into quarters), 3 bay leaves, 1 teaspoon of mixed herbs (I use sage and sweet marjoram), 4 or 5 cloves, and 2 or 3 dashes of nutmeg. Cook slowly about 20 minutes. Be careful that it does not stick or burn. Strain off the liquid. There should be only a little. Now remove skin and coarse parts from liver—and run liver through meat grinder (or grade it if you have no grinder). It should be light and fluffy like meal. Add the liquid, a little white pepper, a pinch of cayenne and another teaspoon of mixed herbs. Knead together like dough and add one-half cup melted butter, salt to taste, put into a large cup (I use jelly glasses), and set in a pan of hot water on the stove for a few minutes. When hot through take up, cover with buttered paper and put on the cover of glass. Set in a cool place 3 or 4 hours. This will have the consistency of firm table butter.

Fish and Lemon Sauce.

Take a three-pound fish. Clean, cut and sprinkle with salt. Leave for three hours; cut fine one good, medium-sized onion, let simmer in a tablespoonful of butter, add one pint of boiling water, pinch of ginger, pepper, mustard; put in the fish, boil slow 20 minutes. Sauce—Beat well the yolks of six eggs, juice of three lemons; add the hot gravy from fish to yolks and lemons, stirring well, so eggs will not curdle; then put back on stove, let come to a boil, and place fish in a dish, pour sauce over, put away to cool; garnish with lettuce leaves, add one tablespoonful of chopped parsley to sauce.

Sweet Pickled Pears.

Ten pounds of good sound pears, not quite ripe. Wipe them and remove the blossom end. Peel and cook in boiling water until tender. Remove fruit and strain the water. Take 1 quart of this water, add to it 1 quart of vinegar, 5 pounds of sugar and ½ cup of mixed whole cloves, allspice, mace and stick cinnamon. Put it on to boil for half an hour, then add the pears, and when well scalded remove them and pack in glass jars. Boil sirup down until there is enough to cover the fruit. Pour it over and seal at once. Tie the cinnamon and mace in a muslin bag, but put cloves and allspice in whole.

Home Economy.

To prevent raisins or currants from dropping to the bottom of the pan first put in a layer of dough without them, and then add the dough to which the raisins, well flavored, have been mixed.

A splendid filling for soft cushions may be made by taking a dime's worth of cotton batting, cutting it into small squares, and heating it in a baking pan in the oven for half an hour, care being taken not to let it scorch. Each little square will puff up to twice its size, and will be as light and fluffy as a feather.

Artistic Cheese.

The next time you have cheese with your salad try the effect of cutting tiny rounds of red pepper about a quarter of an inch thick and filling the center with cream cheese. These rings should be prepared several hours before using and be kept on the ice until very cold. Pass as ordinary cheese with crackers.

Scratched Paint.

If you are distressed to find that some careless person has scratched the new white paint with a match try rubbing the darkened surface with part of a cut lemon. Unless the wood has been burned the discoloration is removed.

Cocoanut Cookies.

One cup of grated cocoanut, 1½ cups of sugar, ¾ cup butter, ½ cup milk, 2 eggs, 1 large teaspoon of baking powder, ½ teaspoon extract vanilla, and flour enough to roll out

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

"The actual volume of trade is well maintained and the hopeful business sentiment which has been in evidence the last two weeks continues. Retail trade is somewhat affected by the unseasonable warm weather, but reports from most of the leading cities are quite satisfactory and reflect a cheerful view as to the outlook."

Bradstreet's says:

"Irregular weather conditions figure largely in the trade reports this week and are held mainly responsible for the rather smaller than expected volume of sales reported as a whole. Wholesale and jobbing business displayed the same caution and conservatism noted earlier, and house buying was of a hand-to-mouth character, though reports from some leading markets are of a volume of trade equal or superior to last year. Business failures in the United States for the week ended October 20 were 197, against 233 last week, 244 in the like week of 1909, 231 in 1908, 220 in 1907 and 184 in 1906."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red, 99¾c. elevator and $1 f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.15½ f. o. b. afloat.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 57¾c. elevator domestic basis to arrive c. i. f. and 57¼c. f. o. b afloat.

Oats—Spot steady; standard white 36½c.; No. 2, 37¼c.; No. 3 36c.; No. 4, 35½c.; No. 2 mixed, 35½c. asked.

Eggs — State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery white fancy, 41@43c.

Poultry — Spring chickens, 13c.; fowls, 14@15c.; turkeys, 12@15c. Dressed regular Western broilers, 17@20c.; do, fowls, 18c.; do, spring turkeys, 14@25c.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat firm; contract grade, No. 2 red, in export elevator, 93½@94½c.

Corn firm; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 57@57½; November, 51@52; December and January, 50@51.

Oats firmer; No. 2 white, natural, 38c

Butter steady; extra Western creamery, 33c.; do, nearby prints, 34.

Eggs firm; Pennsylvania and other nearby firsts, free cases, 30c. at mark; do, current receipts, in returnable cases, 28 at mark; Western firsts, free cases, 30 at mark; do, current receipts, free cases, 28 at mark.

Cheese steady; New York full creams, choice, 15½c.; do, fair to good, 14¾@15¼.

Live poultry dull. Fowls, 13@15c.; old roosters, 11@11½; spring chickens, 13@15; ducks, 15@16; geese, 14@15; turkeys, 17@19.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot 95c nominal; November, 96¾ nominal red December 97 nominal.

Corn.—Spot, 55 bid; year, 51¾@52; January, 51½@51¾.

Oats—No. 2 white, 36, sales; standard white, 35¾; No. 3 white, 35½; No. 4 white, 35.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $20@20.50; No. 2 timothy, $19@19.50; No. 3 timothy, $16@18; choice clover mixed, $18.50@19; No. 1 clover mixed, $17.50@18.50; No. 2 clover mixed, $13@15.50; No. 1 clover, $14@14.50; No. 2 clover, $12@13.50.

Butter—

Creamery, fancy	30 to 30½
Creamery, choice	28½ to 29
Creamery, good	26½ to 27
Creamery, imitation	22 to 24
Creamery, prints	31 to 32
Creamery, blocks	29 to 32

Cheese—Jobbing prices, per lb., 17@17½c.

Eggs — Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 29c.; Western firsts, 29; West Virginia firsts, 28; Southern firsts, 27; guinea eggs, 14.

Live Poultry — Chickens — Old hens, heavy, per lb., 16c; do, small to medium, 14@15; young, choice, 16@16½; rough and poor, 14@15; old roosters, 11. Ducks—Old, per lb., 13@14; young white Pekings, 15; young Muscovy and mongrel, 14@15; puddle, 14. Geese—Nearby, per lb., 12@14.

Live Stock

PITTSBURG.—Cattle steady; supply light. Choice, $6.75@7.10; prime, $6.40@6.75.

Sheep steady; supply light. Prime wethers, $4.15@4.35; culls and common, $2@3; lambs, $6.50@6.85; veal calves, $9.50@10.

Hogs lower; receipts, 20 double decks. Prime heavies, $9.40@9.45; mediums, $9.50@9.65; heavy and light Yorkers, $9.50; roughs, $8@8.50.

CHICAGO—Cattle, market steady; Beeves, $4.50@7.85; Texas steers $3.40@5.70; Western steers, $4.15@6.80; stockers and feeders, $4.25@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.35; calves, $7.25@10.

Hogs—Market weak; light, $8.70@9.40; mixed, $8.20@9.35; heavy $8@9.10; rough, $8@8.20; good to choice heavy, $8.20@9.10; pigs $8.25@9; bulk of sales, $8.25@8.80.

Sheep — Market strong; native $2.50@4.30; Western, $2.75@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@5.40; lambs native, $4.50@7; Western, $4.75@6.85.

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ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per lines for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Spring Mills, morning, communion; Centre Hall, afternoon.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning, communion; preparatory services Friday evening. Tusseyville, afternoon.

Methodist—Spruce town, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening. Communion services at each place.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, communion, morning; preparatory services Saturday afternoon at 2:30. Union, communion, afternoon; preparatory services Saturday at 7:30. Centre Hall, evening.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor
WEBSTER GRIM

For Lieutenant Governor
THOMAS H. GREEVY

For Secretary of Internal Affairs
JAMES L. BLAKESLEE

For Congress
WILLIAM C. HEINLE

For State Senator
SAMUEL C. STEWART

For the Legislature
J. CALVIN MEYER

LOCALS.

Mrs. William Wonderly, of Johnstown, is visiting at the home of Mrs. William S. Slick, in Centre Hall.

Mrs. W. S. Musser, of Columbia, has been visiting among relatives and friends at Spring Mills, and beginning of this week was the guest of Mrs. W. Frank Bradford and others in Centre Hall.

Eighteen hundred and twenty-five bushels of corn were husked from fourteen acres on the farm of J. Elmer Royer, at Old Fort. That is a fine showing, especially when the acreage is considered.

A cabbage root with three fair-sized heads was brought to this office by Anthony Garver, of Nittany Mountain. He thinks he will have a ton or more of cabbage, and finds two heads on one root not unusual.

The Belleville Times asserts that Dr. H. S. Alexander, of Potters Mills, will locate in that town for the practice of his profession, but the Doctor, in response to an inquiry, asked the Reporter to say nothing about the proposed change of location.

Will Sandoe, of Pittsburg, and Claude K. Stahl, of Altoona, were in Centre Hall over Sunday. The latter brings the news that the managers' office men and shopmen at the Altoona car shops are almost a unit in their support of Berry, and not least enthusiastic is Mr. Stahl himself.

This little item from the Freeport (Illinois) Bulletin indicates that farmers can well afford to take good care of the yearling colts, as they can be developed into marketable horses before prices drop: W. H. Shons had three horses good enough to bring $995 at the auction ring in Chicago, topping the market.

Miss Emma Wolf, of Ardmore, came to Centre Hall, to attend the funeral of Isaac Smith. She remained until this (Thursday) morning, when she returned home. Miss Wolf gives her time to massage and special gymnastics, and at present is treating a number of patients, which accounts for the short stay at her former home.

A fall of twenty-five feet would put the average man out of commission, but Harry B. Wagner experienced such a fall from a telephone pole and landed on the cement walk in front of H. C. Shirk's residence, in Centre Hall, Saturday forenoon, and he was off duty only until Tuesday morning. Although his side was badly bruised he thought he could not keep from serving his employers longer, and was brought to Centre Hall by his father, John H. Wagner, of Georges Valley, on the morning named and went to work.

Many automobile drivers while passing along in rural sections are not at all particular to give the old family horse more road than suits their convenience. The automobile driver well knows that the old mare will shy off a little and make the road clear for the machine to pass by in safety. The chauffeur calculates that if he gives half the track and begins his turning a rod in front of the horse, he has given all the road the law requires. He does not take into account that almost every horse shies to some extent, and that the man or woman driving it must avoid driving close to embankments and obstructions. This being the case, it would appear that every automobilist who has in mind the safety of the occupants in the vehicle the machine is about to pass, would turn to the right as far as possible. There are some chauffeurs who are as thoughtful for the safety of the public as they are for those in the machine which they guide, but there are others who are not, and it is to these latter to whom reference is made.

Millheim.

The writer for an hour or more was in Millheim, last week, for the first time since the burnt portion of the town has been rebuilt. As a rule fires improve towns, and the result in Millheim was not made an exception. Where once old, yet good buildings stood, today the modern is found—modern in design, construction, equipment.

The D. J. Nieman building, in which is located the Nieman clothing store, and the A. A. Kessler building in which the Kessler & Co. clothing store is found, are unequaled anywhere in a town the size of Millheim. The stores are well stocked, and the proprietors are endeavoring to and are gaining trade by the fair usage of their customers and a liberal purchase of printer's ink.

The Millheim Banking Company is quartered in fine style in a new building. The interior of the bank is well arranged, both for the convenience of the bank officials and their customers, who by the way have supported the bank in such a way as to increase its business during the past year.

The new store building erected by A. A. Frank & Sons, on the site of the ruins of the Musser house, is a great credit to that town. This building also accommodates the new bank Merchant Frank is demonstrating that a modern store can be successfully conducted in a small town.

C. E McClellan is doing business in a new store room, and is now erecting a second room, with but a brick wall between it and the one now occupied. What the new room is to contain is a matter Mr. McClellan is keeping to himself.

Of course, there are many other improvements in Millheim that have made since the disastrous fire, but here are mentioned only those now occupying the burned section.

Daniel Hosterman Paralyzed.

While in Centre Hall, on Saturday afternoon, Daniel Hosterman, of Coburn, aged some seventy years, became partially paralyzed, and for an hour or more lay on a large box at the railroad station before his real condition was discovered. He was then taken to the home of his son, John Hosterman, at Centre Hill. His condition since has been very critical, and he may not recover.

Mr. Hosterman had been visiting his son, as he frequently does, and Saturday morning came to Centre Hall with the idea of returning to Coburn, where he lives with his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Harter. He took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Smith, who are distant relatives, and while it was observed that he acted strangely, little was thought of it. In the afternoon Mr. Smith went out of town, and Mrs. Smith being in delicate health and not able to further entertain him, he went to the railroad station. He stepped up to the window and asked for a ticket, but was unable to find his purse. While searching for his money he almost fell against the stove, and he was then taken from the waiting room by the clerk in charge.

E. W. Crawford happened to come to the station, and knowing Mr. Hosterman engaged him in conversation. He stated he felt dizzy, and it was then it dawned upon Mr. Crawford and others that the man needed Samaritan aid, which was given.

House Burned in Georges Valley.

Sunday afternoon, at about two o'clock, the dwelling house of James Weaver was destroyed by fire. The house was built about five years ago, and was located about one mile south of Synagogue church. It was not a palatial residence but it was a comfortable home and will be a great loss to Mr. Weaver. A stove, a few dishes and a little canned goods was all that was saved.

Mr. and Mrs. Weaver were visiting among neighbors in Decker Valley, and when they came home their house was discovered to be on fire. No cause of the fire can be given.

Rev. Sheeder Goes to Clarion.

On the close of eight and one-half years service on the Aaronsburg charge, Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder, November 21st, will separate his connection as pastor with that field, to go to Clarion, Clarion county, where he will assume a similar relation with a Lutheran body.

The Aaronsburg charge is now in want of a pastor. The appointments of the charge are Aaronsburg, Coburn, St. Paul's, Millheim and Penn Hall.

Gibboney in Bellefonte.

According to a schedule given in the Tuesday's issue of the North American, D. Clarence Gibboney and Dr. George Edward Reed will speak in Bellefonte some time on Sunday.

Superintendent of Schools Cyrus Grove is up for re-election in Stephen county, Illinois. In that state this school official is voted for at the general election, and candidates are nominated by political parties. Mr. Grove has given his county such good service that he will undoubtedly be retained at the head of the schools if the people of his county have good schools at heart.

GRIM'S SPLENDID RECORD.

Webster Grim was born at Revere, Bucks county, Aug. 11, 1866, and is a son of Dr. George W. Grim, who was a prominent physician of that locality. He was brought up with the family upon the farm. In 1887 he was graduated with honors at the Keystone Normal school and delivered the political oration. He then entered upon the study of the law and was admitted to the bar in September, 1889, and has practiced his profession at Doylestown since that time. Although his county (Bucks) is largely Republican, such is his standing among those who know him that he has twice been elected to the state senate by good majorities. He was unanimously nominated by the Democratic state convention of 1908 as its candidate for superior court judge.

Webster Grim assumed a leading position among the senators from the first. He entered upon the service at the opening of the session of 1903 and was assigned to the committee on judiciary general, to which four-fifths of all legislation is committed for examination. At his second session he was unanimously chosen chairman of the Democratic joint caucus, thus becoming the leader of the minority upon the floor of the senate.

During his first session Senator Grim procured the passage of his automobile law. This was an entirely new subject for legislation, and a high order of ability was required to draw a constitutional bill which would conserve the interests of the state and protect those of the motorists. Subsequently it was attacked in the courts and its constitutionality was affirmed. During that session he attacked the measure known as the "press muzzler," making a speech against it that commanded the attention of the press of the state and compelled the bosses to make such amendments as materially modified its iniquities. He was also the foe of all measures multiplying offices, increasing salaries, pensioning judges, appropriations of water rights and all other forms of jobbery.

During the session of 1905 Senator Grim was equally alert in the interest of the people. The same bills for the increase of the number of offices, the increase in the volume of salaries, the pensioning of judges and the creation of corporations to steal water powers and usurp utilities were brought forward, and as the leader of the minority Senator Grim fought them with relentless energy and vigilance. That was the session made famous by the establishment of the "House of Mirth" in the Boas mansion, Harrisburg, and under pressure of greed and graft, iniquity was rampant in the capital. While Senator Grim and his minority colleagues in the senate were not able to stem the tide of vice they did succeed in exposing it so as to compel the political revolution that followed.

The acts of the special session of 1906 are fresh in the minds of the people, and Senator Grim's active work in shaping the legislation of that session need not be commented upon. Suffice it to say that practically every measure then enacted had been introduced during the previous session by the Democratic minority under Senator Grim's caucus direction. He was one of the prime movers in the insurance investigation disclosing the graft in that department.

With the session of 1907 Senator Grim entered upon his second senatorial term. He at once assumed a foremost place among the minority senators and led in the debates relating to the investigation of the capitol graft, speaking frequently and forcefully in favor of a thorough probing. He supported the soldiers' pension bill, introduced a bill to regulate telephone charges and led the fight in behalf of the farmers requiring milk bottles to be stamped. He introduced an important amendment to the election laws, opposed the graft producing measure providing for a geological survey, and initiated the plan to have additional members of the commerce commission elected instead of appointed. He also vigorously supported the proposition to have United States senators elected by popular vote.

During that session Senator Grim made an effort to have excessive salaries reduced, to create a state civil service, to repeal the bill exempting railroads from liability for accidents to employes, to give trolley companies the right of eminent domain, to establish the referendum, to prevent unfair discrimination of railroad companies and other corporations. He fought the bills for the inspection of tenements, Fahey's bill for the government of street railways, the district attorney's fee bill, and the measure providing for eminent domain for electric light companies. He introduced a resolution to force action on the bill defining trusts and defeated the bill for the reorganization of the banking department that created a lot of new offices.

The session of 1907 was a strenuous and significant one. The Penrose machine had about recovered from the fright caused by the political revolution of 1905, and was there with bills. But the minority led by Senator Grim was equally alert and determined. All sorts of graft bills were introduced, and the sturdy Democrats fought them vigorously. During that session Senator Grim voted for the Columbus Day bill, for civil service in cities of the second class, for the taxation of express companies, for payment of National Guardsmen for time at drill, for increasing the pay for soldiers' headstones, for a state fair appropriation, providing for the health and safety of miners, to prevent infections, authorizing trolley roads to carry freight and for all the department pure food laws. He supported the bill providing for the nomination of candidates for United States senator by popular vote, that protecting minor children, compelling hospitals to furnish sick and injured firemen with beds, regulating the sale of cocaine, all department health bills, the soldiers' pension bill, the rights of labor unions and the school code. In fact he was the champion on the floor of these measures, and particularly of the employers' liability act of June 10, 1907.

Senator Grim was equally alert against vicious legislation. He was against the bill for the inspection of weights and measures, that increasing the salary of governor, against benzoate of soda, against assistant district attorneys in certain counties, against the Philadelphia and Pittsburg boulevard, against the increase of the salaries of judges, against the resolution to place the Quay statue in the capitol corridor, against additional stenographers in departments, against increasing the salary of the auditor general, against additional messengers, against the pawnbrokers' bill, against the bill allowing unbelievers to testify, and against all the machine measures to grab franchises and control utilities.

Mr. Grim has always taken a lively interest in the affairs of the community and has probably made himself as useful as any person in it. For twelve years he was the superintendent of the Reformed Sunday school, during which time the school was completely reorganized, departments established and the graded course of instruction and examination introduced by him was perfected. Since his resignation he has served continuously as advising superintendent and teacher of the advanced class in the senior grade. He conducted the first annual institute in the county. He has taken active part in a number of Sunday school conventions, usually conducting the song service, until he was relieved at his own request. He is an active member of Salem Reformed church, Doylestown; was the secretary of the building committee of the new church and organ committee, and has contributed much to the material success of the church. He has for years regularly presided at the organ every Sunday. He is a successful choir leader, as the renditions from time to time attest.

THOMAS H. GREEVY

Democratic Nominee For Lieutenant Governor.

Thomas H. Greevy, the Democratic nominee for lieutenant governor, was born April 4, 1850. He was reared in Williamsport, Pa., where his father was employed in a mercantile house. He received his education in the public schools and the commercial college of that city. In 1871 he entered the law office of Samuel J. Morrison, Williamsport, as a student at law. In 1873 he removed to Altoona, where he completed his studies and was admitted to the Blair county bar in 1874, soon after which he became a partner of his preceptor in the practice of his profession.

In 1877 Mr. Greevy was elected recorder of the city of Altoona. His election was subsequently contested and pending the contest he was summoned to Bedford to testify as a character witness in a pending trial. According to custom he was admitted to the Bedford bar and upon his return home criticised the action of the court in a newspaper of which he was part owner. In resentment of this Judge Hall had a rule issued summoning him "to show cause why he should not be disbarred for contempt." This case attracted state-wide attention and after a hearing the rule was dismissed. But it brought about the passage of the act of assembly which gives lawyers, when disbarred, the right of appeal to the supreme court.

Mr. Greevy has always taken an active part in politics, and has frequently represented his county in state conventions. He held the office of recorder for five years and was tendered a unanimous renomination but declined. In 1888 he was delegate to the national convention at St. Louis which nominated Cleveland. He was that year the nominee of his party for congress in the 20th district which gave an average majority of 6500. His opponent, Hon. Edward Scull, of Somerset county, had 4200 majority. In 1890 he was again nominated for congress in the 20th district and was defeated by 526 votes. In 1902 he was elected city solicitor of Altoona and filled the office until 1905. In 1904 he was nominated as the Democratic candidate for state senator against J. C. Stineman and ran several thousand votes ahead of his ticket. All these nominations were literally forced upon him.

Mr. Greevy has an extensive law practice in Blair county, principally in the civil courts, although he has been engaged on one side of the other of every important criminal case in the county for many years. He is connected with several benevolent and fraternal organizations and takes an active interest in them.

From early manhood Mr. Greevy has taken great interest in the improvement of labor conditions and at the outset was among the most active participants in the organization of labor. When a mere boy he joined a labor union in Williamsport and subsequently widened his activities and assisted in the organization of the miners' unions in the anthracite coal regions. He has been the willing and capable counsel of labor men and strike leaders in nearly every case in which they have been brought into court and stands as among the most earnest champions of labor in the country.

Capt. W. H. Runkle is walking about with the aid of two crutches, and all because Barney kicked over the dash board and landed on the constables shin.

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BOALSBURG, PA.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Jane D. Nofsker, probably the oldest lady on the south side of Centre county, died at Spring Mills, on Tuesday morning. Interment will be made this (Thursday) morning at Spring Mills, Rev. J. Max Lantz, pastor of the Methodist church, and Rev. G. W. McIlnay, a former pastor, will officiate.

Since the death of her husband, Michael Nofsker, about thirty years ago, the deceased and her niece, Mrs. C. C. Cumings and the latter's husband, lived together, at Spring Mills. Mrs. Nofsker had been an invalid for almost the whole of that time, but was well cared for by Mrs. Cumings, who in her youth was an inmate of the Nofsker home, which otherwise would have been childless.

Mrs. Nofsker's maiden name was Kennelly, and during the whole of her life she lived in Gregg township. She was a very useful woman, and was quite intelligent, and up to a little over a year ago her mind was clear and active. She was often consulted in matters of local history and her recollections as a rule were unerring. From her youth she was a member of the Methodist church and took a great interest in the church work.

One sister, Mrs. Susan Hering, also of Spring Mills, survives. Her age was ninety-three years, seven months, and twenty-four days.

After an illness of but ten days with typhoid fever, John F. Rockey died at his home, near Zion, Friday morning, aged fifty years. Interment was made on Monday at Zion, Rev. H. I. Crow of the Reformed church officiating,

By occupation Mr. Rockey was a farmer. He is survived by a widow, nee Abbie Bilger, and eight children, namely: Charles, in Kansas; Harry, at Zion; Arthur, Summerville, N. J.; Helen, Anna, Fred, Maude and Kryder, at home.

These brothers and sisters also survive: Charles, in Kansas; George, Zion; Mrs. Samuel Yearick, Jacksonville; Mrs. Christ Decker, Bellefonte; William, Boalsburg.

Following several weeks' illness with a complication of diseases, Reuben Miller died at his home in Spring township. He was born and raised in the vicinity of Bellefonte, and wa fifty-seven years, seven months and ten days old. For a number of years past he with his son conducted a grocery store in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Sarah Diehl, widow of R. C. Diehl, died suddenly at her home at Montrose, Colorado, aged about fifty-eight years. She was a daughter of the late John A. Motz, of Woodward, and has been residing in the west about thirty-three years. She leaves to survive one daughter.

Frank Gfrerer Injured.

Tuesday evening, about nine o'clock, Frank Gfrerer, a farmer living west of Centre Hell, and Lawrence Runkle, one of the carpenters finishing the Gfrerer dwelling house, were walking from town to the former's home, and just east of the lane leading to his buildings, some one approaching from the rear riding a bicycle ran against Mr. Gfrerer, knocking him senseless. He fell backwards, knocking his head on the ground very hard. He was taken to his home by his companion, and at noon Wednesday was unable to lift his head from the pillow.

The man who caused the injury stopped only long enough to say that he had not observed the men, and to discover that one of them had been seriously hurt, then he mounted his wheel and rode off, without giving his name.

Kurtz-Calderwood.

The marriage of Charles R. Kurtz, editor of the Centre Democrat, and Miss Lois Calderwood took place at the Methodist parsonage Sunday evening. Miss Calderwood, for several years, has been superintendent at the Bellefonte hospital. Congratulations.

Marriage Licenses.

Albert H. Rowan, Snow Shoe
Alice A. Watson, Snow Shoe

Charles R. Kurtz, Bellefonte
Lois V. Calderwood, Bellefonte

Garfield A. Hicks, Stormstown
Elsie E. Peters, Stormstown

On Wednesday evening, November 30th, Byron C. Piatt will appear in Grange Arcadia. He is also engaged as one of the evening entertainers at the teacher's institute in the city of Harrisburg. If he is good enough to entertain the teachers and citizens of the capital city, he ought to be able to please his audience on the above date. There are no scrubs on the local lecture course, and any adverse criticism will be due more to lack of intelligence on the part of the critic to appreciate a good thing than lack of the entertainers or lecturers to give it.

A well-bred brindle female bull-terrier pup, with bobbed ears and tail, good size, has been making her headquarters at the Reporter office. She is quite intelligent and smart, but is not needed in our business. The owner will please call.

LOCALS

Capt. W. H. Runkle offers for sale his bay horse. Call to see him.

Mrs. W. M. Furey, of Bellefonte, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. G. King, in Centre Hall.

Miss Annie Bible moved from the Logan house into rooms in the house partly occupied by Miss Kate Fleisher.

Hogs took a tumble in the market. The quotations in Pittsburg for Tuesday's sales were between $8.40 and $8.80 per hundred, on foot.

Alfred Durst is having a hot air heating plant installed in his residence. The outfit is being put in place by J. A. Reesman.

Unclaimed letters in the Centre Hall postoffice, November 1st, 1910: Miss Emma Reed, Mrs. Anna Deatermyre and Mr. C. J. Harter.

A. C. Ripka, Wednesday noon, reported the condition of Daniel Hosterman, who is ill at the home of his son, John Hosterman, at Centre Hill, to be very serious, and that his recovery is not expected.

Misses Grace Dale, of Pine Grove Mills, and Sophie K. Johnson, of Woodbridge, New Jersey, are guests of Mrs. Kate Sanders, in Centre Hall. The young ladies were chums at school, and since have been keeping up their friendship.

Out of town people who attended the funeral of Isaac C. Smith, were these: Mrs. George Torrence, Punxsutawney; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Meyer, Penn Hall; Cyrus Krider and daughter, Salona; Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, Williamsport; Witmer Smith, Russell and Clyde Smith, Bellefonte; Mrs. John Stuart and daughter, State College; Miss Emma Wolf, Ardmore.

Judge Orvis has set Thursday of next week at 10 a. m., as the time for the hearing of the case of Bert Delige, accused of the murder of Mrs. John Baudis. He has retained as counsel Col. E. R. Chambers. If the evidence warrants the prisoner to be held for trial, the case will likely come up at the December session. If the court deems the evidence produced insufficient, the prisoner may be discharged at any time.

Landlord Isaac Shawver and a traveling man stopping at the National hotel, in Millheim, got a shaking up the latter part of last week. They were driving to Coburn, when Mr. Shawver's horse frightened at an automobile, upsetting the buggy and throwing the occupants against a fence. Both the men were pretty badly bruised, but no bones were broken. The buggy was badly wrecked and the horse also injured to some extent.

Messrs. S. Ward Gramley and C. H. Breon, accompanied by several ladies, were in town Monday. In the afternoon the gentlemen invited C. D. Bartholomew and daughter and the writer to accompany them to Potters Mills, which invitation was accepted. C. H. Breon & Co., in which firm Mr. Gramley is also interested, anticipate a lively business next season in the sale of the Ford machines. They are now looking up present and prospective buyers.

While out hunting on Nittany Mountai in the vicinity of A. Danel Smeltzer's farm, below Pleasant Gap, Henry and Joseph Baezer and Joseph Gross came across the carcass of a horse, which later proved to be the young horse lost by Mr. Smeltzer as early as last June. The animal had been turned out to pasture, disappeared very mysteriously, and no trace of it was found until recently. The cause of the animal's death, of course, remains a mystery.

In another column reference is made to a ruling of the postoffice department forbidding "duns" to be sent through the mails on postal cards. The Reporter just suspects that there are some of its debtors who would be glad to learn of a ruling making the mailing of "duns" in sealed envelopes illegal, while others would favor a law forbidding a personal appeal to pay a debt a criminal offense punishable by imprisonment for the first and death for the second offense.

Millheim Lodge, No. 955, I. O. O. F., installed the following officers for the ensuing term: N. G., Thomas Z Stover; V. G., J. W. Reifsnyder; Sec., John W. Reifsnyder; Treas, P. F. Confer; R. S. to N. G., L. P. Bower; L. S. to N. G., W. A. Wingard; Warden, P. F. Confer; Conductor, James Stover; R. S. Sup., A. M. Bower; L. S. Sup., Newton Wingard; Chaplain, A. M. Martin; O. G., Warren Martin; I. G, Frank Keister; R. S. to V. G., W. A. Guiswite; Trustees, Thomas F. Hull, John H. Maize and Frank P. Keister.

Stephen Smith, of Philadelphia, came to Centre Hall, Friday morning, and from here went to near Tusseyville to visit his mother for a few days. Mr. Smith is one of Uncle Sam's employees. He is on a mail train between New York and Washington, which is one of the most important runs of the whole railroad mail system. The mail train on which Mr. Smith is one of the clerks, carries almost exclusively first class mail matter, which requires the most rapid and accurate handling. He has been in the mail service for a number of years, and is always pushing forward, the main lever for advancement being efficiency.

MURRAY & BITNER'S UNUSUAL OFFER.

Sell Dr. Howard's Specific at Half-Price and Guarantee a Cure.

"It isn't often that we have faith enough in medicine put up by other people to be willing to offer to refund the money if it does not cure," said Murray and Bitner to a Reporter man who dropped into their store, "but we are glad to sell Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia on that basis.

"The Dr. Howard Company, in order to get a quick introductory sale, authorizes us to sell their regular fifty-cent bottles at half price, 25 cents, and, although we have sold a lot of it, and have guaranteed every package, not one has been brought back as unsatisfactory.

"One great advantage of this specific," he continued, "is its small dose and convenient form. There are sixty doses in a vial that can be carried in the vest pocket or purse, and everyone has more medical power than a big pill or tablet or a tumbler of mineral water.

"We are still selling the specific at half price, although we cannot tell how long we shall be able to do so, and anyone who is subject to constipation, sick headache, dizziness, liver trouble, indigestion or a general played-out condition, ought to take advantage of this chance. You can tell your readers that if they are not satisfied with the specific they can come right back to our store and we will cheerfully refund their money."

Harris Township

William Rockey and family, Mrs. Grove and Mr. and Mrs. John Wright attended the funeral of John Rockey at Zion on Monday afternoon.

The usual tricks of Hallowe'en were indulged in by the boys and girls in Boalsburg but no damage of any account was done. The greatest Hallowe'en trick happened on Tuesday afternoon, when Adam Krumrine's faithful and trusty horse started with the truck wagon from his home at Boalsburg and went to Oak Hall at full speed. No accident occurred and Mr. Krumrine brought the animal back in a hurry.

Mr. and Mrs. John Durner and son Paul, attended the funeral of William Wilson, a brother of Mrs. Durner, at Pine Grove Mills, on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. William Sandoe and daughter Miss Helen, of Ingram, enjoyed a few days with relatives and acquaintances at Boalsburg. Mrs. Sandoe's childhood and girlhood days were spent here and a visit to the old home is always a bright spot in her life.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Schenck entertained a company of jolly boys and girls on Saturday evening in honor of the birthday of their son Chester.

The State College water company is engaged in digging a ditch and laying pipes. The water is being piped from a stream in Reitz's Gap. When the work is completed there will be a plentiful supply of water for Boalsburg and State College.

The Boalsburg improvement committee is taking some measures to secure lights for the town.

Services will be held in the Presbyterian church on Saturday at 11:30, 2:30 and 7:15. Rev. Morrison, of New York, will conduct the service. The character of the services are given in another column.

The service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening was well attended. Rev. W. K. Harnish gave a short talk on temperance and Rev. James Glenn, of Huntsdale, preached a very able sermon.

A bright little boy came to the Edward Lucas home, last week, and and as he is making no efforts to leave, they decided to let him stay, and named him Theodore Kermit. Mr. Lucas is the right hand man at the Theodore Boal home.

A number of young people had a pleasant time at a Hallowe'en party at the Wallace Musser home, at the Branch, on Saturday evening.

Rally day was observed by the Reformed Sunday-school on Sunday. The morning was cold and frosty but the attendance was good. A number of members were added. Some special selections of music were rendered by the scholars of the primary department. Rev. J. I. Stonecypher of the Lutheran church deliverd the address.

Theodore Boal, Miss Cecile De La-Garde, Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson, Misses Mary and Hilda Thompson and Capt. McCoy, of Washington, D. C., attended the Thompson-Goodhart wedding at Lewistown. The party left Boalsburg on Thursday morning and returned Friday evening. They drove across the mountains in a tally-ho to which four bay horses were hitched. George Thompson, the owner of the horses, was the driver. Theodore Boal and his guest, Capt. McCoy, rode on horse back.

Hog news: George W. Bradford purchased two hogs from H. C. Shirk, the combined weight of which was over 900 lbs.; price, nine cents on foot.—J. W. Raymond, south of Earlystown, lost a hog by death weighing some three hundred pounds. Ex-Prothonotary Smith, of near Millheim, is short a large fat hog for the same reason.

C. P. Long of Spring Mills returned from a trip to Pittsburg beginning of this week.

Aaronsburg.

Rev. W. D. Donat returned home on Friday, and stated that he had a very plessant trip. Sunday he favored his congregation with a sermon in the German language.

John Kerstetter, of Green Briar, spent a few days with his sister Eva at the home of Walter Orwig.

Mrs. Thomas Meyer, of Coburn, for a day was the guest of her aged father, J. C. Stover, at the home of J. G Weaver.

Ruth Swabb spent Saturday, at Coburn, with her brother-in-law, Ezra Burd.

John W. Forster and sister, Miss Mazie Forster, on Monday morning went to Buffalo, N. Y., for a short time.

Mrs. Jane Coburn closed her house for two months, during which time she will be at the home of Harvey Musser, in Akron, Ohio.

The Lutheran minister, Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder, will preach his farewell sermon here on Sunday, the 13th of this month.

Mrs. E. J. Deshler received the sad news of the death of her cousin, Will-H. Deshler, an attorney. He was burried on Sunday from his late home in Allentown.

Dr. A. G. Lieb, accompanied by his wife and mother-in-law, the latter aged ninety years, spent a day last week with Mrs. E. J. Deshler.

Miss Nancy Herman, of State College, was the guest of her brother, A. S. Stover. She has hosts of friends in Aaronsburg, her former home.

Mrs. Amelia Summers, one of our aged ladies, was very agreeably surprised, on Saturday, when her son, David, of Altoona, and her sister, Mrs. Garman, of Middleburg, came to spend a few days with her. Her two nieces, from Woodward, Mrs. Hosterman and Mrs. Corman, spent the Sabbath with her.

Jacob Bahm's niece and two children, of Altoona, visited him.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Stover attended the funeral of the latter's cousin, Miss Ilgin, at Tylersville.

Linden Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ross and son Fred spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Ross' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Weber at the Hecla Club house.

Harry and Ned Keller, Irene Ross and Ruth Wieland spent Sunday with friends at Rock Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hall and little daughter spent last week at their former home in Huntingdon.

Dr. and Mrs. Kidder were guests of friends in Huntingdon the latter part of the week.

J. M. Wieland has been obliged to move round on crutches owing to injuries to his foot and ankle caused by a fall from an apple tree several weeks ago.

Miss Elizabeth Davis has been housed up for a few days with a severe cold.

Charles Colyer will move into one of Mrs. Hess houses at this place the atter part of the week.

Miss Ruth Ross is confined to the house with a broken bone in the lower limb caused by a fall on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller spent Sunday at the home of William Bressler near Centre Hall.

Mrs. Katie Krape and Mrs. Houser, of State College, spent a few days last week with Mrs. D. C. Hess.

Spring Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. King spent a day at Millheim last week.

Rev. William Bierly, of Mifflinburg, was visiting among his friends on Thursday.

Oscar Wolf and James Miller went to Illinois to help the farmers husk corn.

Mrs. Jane Nofsker an aged lady, who had been quite ill died on Tuesday morning.

The household goods of Michael Shires brought a good price at the sale on Saturday. Mr. Shires left for Scranton on Monday.

Dr. H. S. Braucht and wife spent Monday at Bellefonte.

Mr. Rhone, of Lemont, was auctioneer at the Shires sale.

Miss Mabel Allison was a Centre Hall visitor on Sunday.

Mrs. William Musser is visiting friends at this place and Penn Hall.

Wm. Matters sale was largely attended on Wednesday.

Hallowe'en pranks were played and as usual ended in a fight.

Prof. Moyer spent Friday and Saturday at Altoona.

Charles Grenoble and wife, of Yeagertown, visited at the home of Israel Zubbler on Sunday.

Mrs. C. E. Zeigler and Mrs. John Meyer attended the funeral of Mrs. Anna Gramley at Rebersburg, on Saturday.

Tener's memory is too unreliable for that of a governor. Why, he might even forget to keep his campaign promises.

Croup is most prevalent during the dry cold weather of the early winter months. Parents of young children should be prepared for it. All that is needed is a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Many mothers are never without it in their homes and it has never disappointed them. Sold by Murray & Bitner.

Reporter Register.

J. H. McEwen, Hublersburg
Margaret Black, Adamsburg
Stephen J. Smith, Philadelphia
Margaret Miller, Millersburg
Mrs. M. E. Colyer, Centre Hall
C. A. Smith, Centre Hall
H. W. Smith, Bellefonte
H. Russell Smith, Bellefonte
C. Brungart, Centre Hall
J. S. Getchell, Youngwood
H. A. Wilkinson, Potters Mills
Irene L. Ross, Linden Hall
Vira Klinger, Manhattan, Illinois
P. P. Klinger, Manhattan, Illinois
D. K. Geiss, Centre Hall
Robert Bachman, Norristown
Mrs. William Bachman, Lebanon
Mrs. W. M Furey, Bellefonte
Mrs. J. G. King, Centre Hall
Sophie K. Johnson, Woodbridge, New Jersey

WANTED—Hand-picked fall and winter apples; also, drop and cider apples. Highest price paid for them. —Centre Hall Evaporating Company.

Many school children suffer from constipation, which is often the cause of seeming stupidity at lessons. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are an ideal medicine to give a child, for they are mild and gentle in their effect, and will cure even chronic constipation. Sold by Murray & Bitner.

APPLES WANTED.

Wind fall and shaken for cider making; hand picked fall apples; hand picked winter apples for shipping. Loading cars now.

Telephone or write.

C. P. LONG CO.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	70	Wheat, new 90; old	90
Barley	55	Oats	32
		Corn	60

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	18	Butter	25
Potatoes	40	Eggs	31

OLD FORT HOTEL

EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor — RATES: $1.00 Per Day

Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.

Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

HEATER FOR FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale a Cortland Howe Ventilator, a first-class heater. Good reason for selling. ALFRED DURST, Centre Hall, Pa.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers his farm of 164 acres; also, three other tracts of land, at Wolfs Store, in Miles township, at private sale. For further particulars apply to G. W. HOSTERMAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

Jewelry Store for Sale.

The jewelry store of the late George W. Bushman, in Centre Hall, is offered for sale. Will be sold at a reasonable figure. There is a good opening for sales business and repairing. A quick sale is desired. Write or apply in person to the undersigned.

D. ROSS BUSHMAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

Alfalfa for Hens

A limited quantity of Alfalfa is offered for sale by the undersigned.

RED TAG ALFALFA - - - 1¼c lb.
PINK TAG ALFALFA - - - 1c lb.

(Less 5 per ct. for cash with order)

THE RED TAG ALFALFA is the latter cut and is fine and green.

THE PINK TAG ALFALFA is green but a bit coarser than Red Tag Alfalfa. Otherwise the Pink Tag Alfalfa is first quality.

Sold only in bale lots, which run about 100 lbs. per bale. Prices quoted mean delivered f. o. b. at Centre Hall station, on L. & T. R. R.

Orders will now be booked for December delivery. The quantity is limited, as only the surplus over a car load is offered at these prices. Last year many requests came too late.

S. W. SMITH, CENTRE HALL, PENN.

6 LIGHTNING SHOTS

That's what you get if you use the Stevens Repeating Shotgun No. 520.

The repeating action is so simple that you can work it with only your thumb and finger.

No matter how fast you pump this gun you cannot possibly jam or clog it.

The empty and the loaded shells travel by two separate routes. There is no chance for them to meet and jam.

If your dealer hasn't it, we will send, express prepaid, on receipt of List Price, $27.00.

Points for the Sharpshooter, Hunter and Trapshooter

Write us and tell us what kind of shooting you are most interested in and we will write a letter of advice with many valuable pointers for the Hunter and Sharpshooter. We will give you short cuts to expert marksmanship, which will not only make you a better shot than you already are but will cut down your ammunition bills as well.

J. STEVENS ARMS & TOOL CO.
DEPT. S.
The Factory of Precision
Chicopee Falls, Mass.

LIST PRICE $27

J. Q. A. KENNEDY

HIGH CLASS WORK DONE
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
PRICES REASONABLE

For the past ten years I have been repairing Watches, Jewelry, etc., at my home west of Centre Hall, but of late I have given the business more attention, and in the future practically all my time will be devoted to the jewelry business.

J. Q. A. KENNEDY
Centre Hall Pa.

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY"
SHOES
will cure corns!

SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

LIVE STOCK

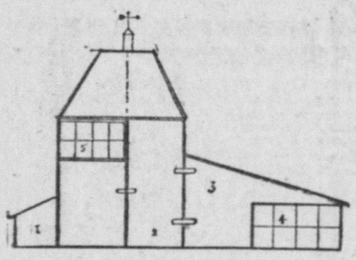
PORTABLE HOUSE IS USEFUL

Will Prove of Great Advantage for Farrowing Sow, Also a Temporary Shelter for Fowl.

For many jobs in the fall a portable house to use as a shelter will be of great advantage. The same idea may be applied to a pen for use in event of a sow farrowing in the field, or for a portable house for chickens or turkeys to be moved about the farm; in fact, the same building may be applied to all three purposes with success, says Orange Judd Farmer.

Build the floor the size you wish and make as strong as possible. Slightly back from the center an axle is placed, which can be made of a 4x4 scantling and fitted with two old wheels for moving the house. A short tongue is placed on one end, which is fastened behind a wagon when moving the building. Under the tongue a block is placed when it is desired to use the building upon wheels, as in husking corn in the field in cold weather.

The building is erected above the floor, and if for corn husking alone,



Portable House.

the walls may be canvas, painted to keep out the rain, with a small bench built at one end for the stalks to lie upon, with hooks for strings. This makes it as comfortable a working place as can be desired, and with the advantage that it can be moved from one end of the field to the other as needed.

Where built for a threefold purpose the walls should be made of light boards, or, at least, the lower part of walls, and the roof, of light lumber or canvas. When used as a pen for hogs or fowls it is moved to the proper place and the wheels removed, thus resting the building on the axle; and by replacing wheels it can again be moved to a new location, as desired.

KNELL OF CHOLERA SCOURGE

Government Experts of Agricultural Department Announce Discovery of Vital Interest.

Extraordinary interest was aroused in Chicago the other day, especially at the stock yards, by the receipt of news from Washington that cholera, the great scourge in the raising of hogs, has, in the opinion of experts of the agricultural department, been conquered.

According to the reports a new serum, with which the department has been experimenting, has proved a success at the Union Stock yards at South Omaha, Neb.

The Washington reports state:

"The Stock Yards company purchased thirty pigs weighing from forty to sixty pounds each from a farm which had been free from hog cholera for several years. These pigs were brought to the stock yards and four of them were inoculated with hog cholera. These inoculated hogs were placed in a pen by themselves and within five days they had become sick, at which time eighteen of the remaining pigs were each given a dose of the serum, while the other eight pigs were not treated in any way. The eighteen serum-treated pigs and the eight untreated pigs were then placed in the same pen with the four pigs which had been made sick by inoculation.

"The four pigs which were first given hog cholera all died and the eight untreated pigs all contracted the disease from them. The eighteen pigs which were given serum and which were confined in the same pen with the four original sick pigs and with the sick untreated pigs remained perfectly well and were finally turned over to the officials of the stock yards company upon the completion of the experiment."

The department of agriculture does not distribute this serum to farmers, but is endeavoring to bring the value of this method to the attention of the stock-raising interests in order that they may arrange to secure state funds for the manufacture and distribution of the serum.

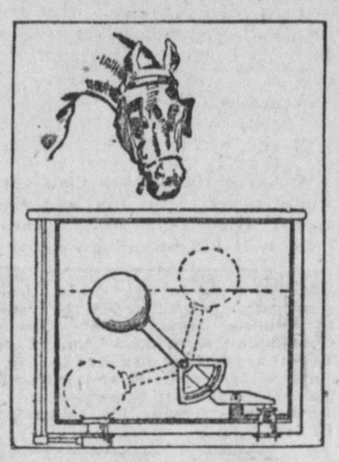
Better Silage for Sheep.

At the Minnesota experiment station it is believed that greater care must be had in preparing silage for sheep than for cattle. Sheep require a sweet and dry silage. Thickly planted corn cut before it is well matured, does not make ideal silage for sheep. Corn planted about like field corn, harvested and put into the silo when it begins to dent, has proven very healthful to sheep, and they have done well upon it. If clover hay is fed in conjunction with this silage, cheap and satisfactory gains may be made in sheep fattening.

NEW TROUGH FOR WATERING

Ingenious Contrivance Invented by Indiana Man Fills Tank as Fast as Emptied.

An ingenious contrivance for use in watering troughs has been invented by an Indiana man. It consists of an automatic device for filling the trough as fast as the water is depleted by



New Watering Trough.

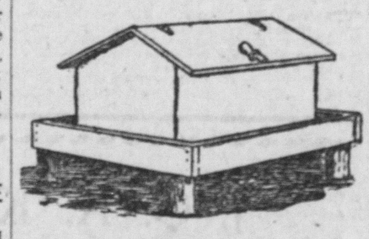
animals drinking it. The pipe through which the water is supplied is fitted with a spring valve.

An angle shaped arm is pivoted in the bottom of the tank near this pipe with the lower end of the arm resting on the valve and the upper end terminating in a wooden ball, which floats on the surface of the water. The principle of this appliance will be grasped at once. When the water is at a certain height in the trough the ball will float in such a position that the arm will keep the valve on the supply pipe closed. As the water is depleted by stock drinking the ball sinks with it and the arm on the valve rises, admitting fresh water. This device insures always a full supply of fresh water in the tank and saves the waste water that otherwise runs over when the trough is filled from a running source.

CROWDING ABOUT SALT BOX

Prevented by Receptacle Shown in Illustration—How It Is Put Together.

The salt box is made out of two inch stuff so it will withstand the pranks of horses and other stock



Salt Box.

crowding about the salt place. An ordinary bunk is made about three feet wide by four long and the salt receptacle made so as to fit inside the bunk endwise, but much narrower on the sides. The sides come down to within an inch of the bottom so that stock can lick the salt.

Wean Pigs Gradually.

Pigs should be weaned gradually. Have a small trough near the pen, but out of reach of the larger hogs. A small opening that will allow the little fellows to pass in and out freely, some milk in the small trough, and in a very short time they will be tasting the milk. They may not eat much at first, but it will not be but a short time before you will find them tossing each other about, each trying to get the last bit of the milk.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Hogs often get crooked legs for lack of exercise.

Stockmen say this is a good time to buy up calves.

Packers find it hard work to put hog prices down.

Shropshires and Hampshires are best all purpose sheep.

Pure air, pure water, clean food and a clean place to sleep make hogs profitable.

Some cattle breeders make the mistake of crossing breeds for the purpose of combining the excellencies of each breed.

If one has plenty of pasture, and can raise clover hay, there is nothing that will pay so well for as little labor as a flock of good sheep.

When a small bit of pork costs a day's wages, and even a ham bone is precious, there need be no fear of overstocking the hog market.

There is no kind of animal breeding that will pay better than the breeding of horses, but horses that will sell, not dunghills or misfits.

One of the highest uses of rye pasture probably is for grazing ewes with lambs in the early spring, or in grazing weaned lambs in the early fall.

Get a collar that will fit the horse and fix the hames so they will fit the collar. Do not get the bridle too tight, nor have any place which will rub and make a sore.

In hilly going, an improved brake would add years to the service of many horses that are crippled and worn out before their time by too much holding back.

MICHIGAN'S FOOTBALL SQUAD

Strong and Powerful Eleven.

Michigan's close game with the Michigan Aggies, in which the Wolverines were victorious, 6 to 3, should not be taken too seriously, as the Aggies have one of the strongest teams in years this season and in Hill the farmers have a player who continually can keep his team from being scored upon by his beautiful punting.

The game demonstrated one thing, and that is that Michigan has a strong defense, one that will be mighty hard for Pennsylvania, Syracuse and Minnesota to penetrate. If Coach Yost is satisfied with this defense he surely will develop an offense which will be equally effective. Followers of football should not take this contest or the one with Case as criterions of Michigan's strength. Yost is going to have a strong and powerful eleven and he is sure to have a team which will make things exceedingly interesting for Michigan's opponents.

Whatever use Michigan may make of the changes in the rules this year, it is certain that the opportunities offered by the rule allowing unrestricted direct passes is to be taken full advantage of by the Wolverine eleven.

Yost himself doesn't say that he is going to use the direct pass exclusively, and probably he won't. But it is a good bet that the big majority of the plays upon which he pins his faith in the Notre Dame, Minnesota and Pennsylvania games will be plays in which there is no middleman—in other words, plays in which the quarterback is the man who calls the signals, and nothing more.

The Wolverine leader always has been strong for crossbucks and straight bucks by the halfbacks, and under the new code the chances for success of those plays seem to have increased immeasurably.

MAKE-UP OF ALL-STAR TEAM

Honus Wagner, Christy Mathewson and Mordecai Brown Among Those Relegated to Bench.

Relegating Honus Wagner, Christy Mathewson and Mordecai Brown to the bench of oblivion, but naming five Cubs and two Sox as the peers in their respective positions, E. C. Patterson, in Collier's Weekly, picks this All-Star baseball team with the following comment:

Catcher—Kling.

Pitchers—Coombs, Walsh, Johnson, Cole, Ford.

First Base—Chance.

Second Base—LaJoie.

Shortstop—Tinker.

Third Base—Lord.

Outfielders—Cobb, Speaker, Schulte.

As a catcher Kling has no equal today. It is a mistake, however, to give him credit for the work of the Chicago pitchers. It should be borne in mind that Chance selects his pitchers and also takes them out of the game. Heaven knows, most of them, except Cole, have been taken out many times this season!

All hats off to Chance as a manager and first baseman, for intelligence and baseball brains. Lajoie needs no comment. Wagner has not played the game this year in the field, at the bat, or on the bases that Tinker has. I hope my prediction will not come true, but I think "Honus" has seen his best days. Lord, at third, has given the White Sox new life. The outfielders are fast and furious at the bat, on the bases, and in the field.

Take the five pitchers named, and with batting behind them they will win a pennant for any league, any time, and any season. If you will stop to analyze it, the teams that they represent would not be anywhere near where they are today in the race without the services of these pitchers, excepting Walsh, and he is the champion hard luck pitcher of the year.

GIVE SPALDING "GOLD BRICK"

Baseball Presented to Him by President Murphy Is Not Genuine, Declares Thomas Foley.

Some one has "gold-bricked" Charles W. Murphy, president of the Chicago Cubs, and depended on the flight of time to cover his footprints.

The other day Murphy presented to A. G. Spalding, one-time champion pitcher, the ball which was used in Spalding's great game against the Chicago White Stockings, at that time managed by Thomas Foley, one of the oldest billiard magnates. How Murphy got the ball is a mystery, for the ball used in that game was burned when Foley's billiard hall, in Chicago, was destroyed in the great fire of 1871.

Foley, to use his own words, was "breathless" when he read a story to the effect that Murphy had given Spalding the old ball. Foley had clung to that ball with great care up to the time it was burned, as it was proof that his club had beaten the greatest pitcher at that time in the world, and says he knew positively that the ball was lost in the fire of 1871.

Fight Club for Winnipeg.

A number of Winnipeg sporting men soon will organize a club similar to the National Sporting club of London. Before leaving for Chicago the other day Harry Gilmore, who has been asked to organize the club, had a long conference with members of the grain exchange, who are leaders in the scheme, and on his return to the city he will take up the matter.

DROP KICK BEATS CHICAGOS

Toe of Quarter Otto Seiler Gives Illini First Victory Over Maroons in Nine Years.

Playing with grim determination and struggling against an impregnable defense, Chicago went down to defeat the other day on Illinois field 3 to 0 in the first victory of the Orange and Blue eleven over the Maroon since 1901. Otto Seiler, the doughty Illinois quarter, in making a beautiful drop kick from the forty yard line in the first quarter was all that kept the game from resulting in a tie, although

Otto Seiler.

Illinois outplayed and outgeneraled Chicago throughout one of the most bitterly fought struggles between these ancient rivals in recent years.

The wildest scenes occurred at the call of time at the end of the final quarter. Revolvers were shot off and the cannon roared. The playing field was one mass of wildly shouting persons who seemed unable to control their happiness. Everything that possibly could be done to celebrate victory was done and finished in a manner which seldom has been witnessed. Hats were torn, women's hats were thrown in the air, stands broken, and what took place that night will be remembered for some time.

Numbers on Football Players.

That football players should be numbered as are track athletes is the belief of many Michigan university athletic authorities. An agitation was begun the other day to place numbers on the players as they take part in a regular contest and print the numbers with the players' names in the program.

By this means it would be possible for the spectators to identify individual players and keep track of the numerous substitutions made possible by the new rules. The scheme has been used at Ohio State for several years with marked success.

HARD WORK TO GET STARTED

Harmon, Considered One of Coming Pitchers of Country, Tells of His Early Playing.

BY ROBERT HARMON.

(Copyright, 1910, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

I broke into baseball on a bluff, or a dare. I had not the slightest intention of making baseball my business in life, but I loved the game, and never lost a chance to play it, no matter what happened.

I remember that when I was at school at my home in Liberal, Mo., where I was born in 1887, I used to play "hookey" to play ball, and whenever the West Side and the East Side teams played on Saturday afternoon I was either pitcher or catcher. No one could chase me into the outfield.

I moved down into the southwest and started to play ball at Morenci, in Arizona, not so much for what they paid me as for the honor of playing on the teams. I don't exactly know how they happened to find me out there, but the Portland, Ore., team offered me a trial in the spring of 1908 and the boys bluffed me, saying I couldn't make good. I didn't, but the fact that Portland gave me a short trial and

Robert Harmon.

then sent me home aroused my determination to show them I could pitch whether they thought so or not.

It happened that Shreveport, La., offered me a trial in the spring of 1909, and over there I met a catcher who knew something. He was Lee Garvin, an old timer who knew more about pitching that I ever will know if I live to be a hundred. Garvin began showing me a lot of the tricks of the trade and teaching me how to use the natural curves and speed I had. He started me to thinking in earnest about how to pitch scientifically instead of shutting my eyes and shooting the ball around the plate as hard as I could. Under Garvin and Dale Gear, who was managing the team, I began to learn the rudiments of scientific pitching.

I was successful in the Texas league, and before the season was half over the St. Louis club bought me. I was raw even then, but managed to stick it out and by studying and working I have managed to last this long.

A pitcher never gets through learning, and the moment he thinks he is master of all the tricks of the trade he is ready to go back to the minor leagues. A fellow has to keep working and studying all the time, learning to do new things with a ball, and learning to use his head.

It is hard work, but I never have regretted trying to break out into the big leagues. Even if I slip back now, or damage my arm so I never can pitch again, the experience and training gained will help me in any line of business or trade. I think I have learned self-control, patience and to keep my temper; to respect the rights of others and to look on things with the other man's view as well as my own, and I think it has been as good an education as I could have gained in any way.

BAR MAN COACH FOR WOMEN

Secretary Sullivan Says Athletics for Fair Sex Should Be Confined to Themselves.

"I am very decidedly opposed to employment of men as athletic instructors or coaches for girls or women," says James E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic association.

"It is a mistake to have a man, for example, in a girls' gymnasium, or to have him coach or direct girls in their athletic exercises.

"A man coach in a girls' school will naturally present his theories from a masculine standpoint. He will tell his pupils to play a good, rough game and instruct them to do things as a boy or man would do them.

"Girls' athletics when conducted along safe and sane lines, is a real benefit to the health of the girls. They must not be exploited, however, as female Sandows, Sheppards, Sheridans, or as show girls. A girls' basketball team must not be trained in tricks, nor should it be sent around the country to exhibit the players for gate money.

"Competition for girls should be in its own group and in private, without an admission fee, and without the sensation-seeking crowd. Girls should be kept in their own group and not permitted to take part in public sports."

A TIMELY WARNING.

Backache, headaches, dizzy spells and distressing urinary troubles warn you of dropsy, diabetes, and fatal Bright's disease. Act in time by curing the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. They have cured thousands and will cure you.

Mrs. Sarah S. Maupin, Brentwood, Tenn., says: "Doctors said I had Bright's disease and held out little hope of recovery. I could scarcely totter about. My limbs were swollen and my life was one long, drawn out pain. I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was astonished at the results. In six weeks I could do a hard day's work without inconvenience."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Getting a Reputation.

There is a desk in the senate particularly convenient as a place from which to make speeches. It is next to the aisle and almost in the center of the chamber, and affords an opportunity for the speaker to make everybody hear.

At least a dozen senators, according to the Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Star, have borrowed this desk when they had special utterances to deliver to the senate. This led, not long ago, to a mild protest from its legitimate occupant.

"I am perfectly willing to give up my desk," said he, "but I am afraid people will think that the same man is talking all the time. I don't want to get the reputation of constantly filling the senate with words."—Youth's Companion.

All About It.

To appreciate fully this scrap of dialogue quoted from London Punch, one should see the two odd characters engaged it it. Apparently they parted satisfied, one that he had imparted some real information, the other that he had received some. Said one man:

"D'you recollec' old wot's-'is-name?"

"'Im with the collar?"

"Aye!"

"Wot ababt 'im?"

"'E'ad to go down"—jerk of the head—"you know—they give im wot you call it—didn't arf git it, I don't think!"

"Reely!"

"'Adn't you 'eard, then?"

"I did 'ear somefink, but no details, not afore now."—Youth's Companion.

Not Easy.

Pat was a married man—a very much married man. He had married no fewer than four times, and all his wives were still in the fore. According to Pat's own account before the court where he was tried for bigamy and found guilty, his experiences were not altogether satisfactory. The judge, in passing sentence, expressed his wonder that the prisoner could be such a hardened villain as to delude so many women.

"Yer honor," said Pat, apologetically, "I was only tryin' to get a good one, an' it's not aisy!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

What About Him?

The talk had gone back and fro, and the youthful socialist had been announcing that no man ought to get his living by cheating, and we all listened to him, and agreed that it was dreadful when men and women did not tell the truth, but tried to make their living by deceiving people. Millionaries, landowners, financiers, we scarified all of them who cheat the public. "No one should make a living by deception,' said the young man. Then a quiet voice from a woman came from the corner of the sofa, "What about the conjurer?"—London Chronicle.

THE FIRST TASTE

Learned to Drink Coffee When a Baby.

If parents realized the fact that coffee contains a drug—*caffeine*—which is especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving the babies coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to nibble things at the table, mother used to give me sips of coffee. As my parents used coffee exclusively at meals I never knew there was anything to drink but coffee and water.

"And so I contracted the coffee habit early. I remember when quite young the continual use of coffee so affected my parents that they tried roasting wheat and barley, then ground it in the coffee-mill, as a substitute for coffee.

"But it did not taste right and they went back to coffee again. That was long before Postum was ever heard of. I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work, I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence.

"At night, after having coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous.

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum. My wife and I did not like it at first, but later when boiled good and strong it was fine. Now we would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever tasted.

"I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches. I recommend Postum to all coffee drinkers."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

One of the Best Rest Cures.

Is a good story.

To many women it is as good as a trip away from home.

When you are tired out and your nerves are on edge, try going off by yourself and losing yourself in some good story. You will, in nine cases out of ten, come back rested and invigorated.

One woman who has passed serenely through many years of hard work and worry that go with the managing of a house and bringing up of a large family of children, said that she considered it the duty of every busy housekeeper to read a certain amount of "trash," light fiction, for the rest and change to the mind that it would give.

Try it, you who lead a strenuous life, and who sometimes grow exceedingly weary of the same.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate, stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

Some folks never feel saintly until they have a chance to syndicate their sorrows.

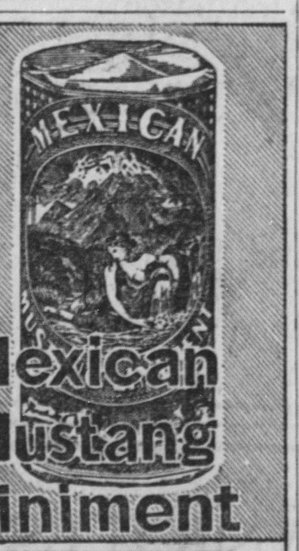
AFTER SUFFERING ONE YEAR

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Milwaukee, Wis. — "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, and I would like to tell the whole world of it. I suffered from female trouble and fearful pains in my back. I had the best doctors and they all decided that I had a tumor in addition to my female trouble, and advised an operation. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman and I have no more backache. I hope I can help others by telling them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me." — MRS. EMMA IMSE, 833 First St., Milwaukee, Wis.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.



CURES SWINNEY.

Mr. R. S. Shelton, of Hill, N.C. writes: "I used Mexican Mustang Liniment on a very valuable horse for swinney and it cured it. I always keep it in my stable and think it the best liniment for rubs and galls"

Mexican Mustang Liniment is made of the best of oils and penetrates straight thru flesh and muscle to the bone. Contains no alcohol and cannot sting or torture the flesh. Buy a bottle to-day and be ready for any emergency.

25c. 50c. $1 a bottle at Drug & Gen'l Stores.

SALESMEN WANTED

To take orders for high grade, fully guaranteed nursery stock. Complete outfit free. Apply at once for terms.

THE CHASE NURSERIES CO., Geneva, N.Y.

GOUT & RHEUMATISM

Use the Great English Remedy

BLAIR'S PILLS

Safe, Sure, Effective. 50c. & $1.

DRUGGISTS, or 93 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PATENT your invention. Free booklet. Liberal Terms. Consult us. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. 855 14th St., Washington; 260 Dearborn St., Chicago.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch

makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

TAKE A DOSE OF

PISO'S

THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

WOMAN'S REALM

IN "PICTURE" HATS

THE FASHIONABLE DESIGNS FOR THE WINTER.

Most of the Styles That Will Be Worn Are Decidedly Graceful—Illustration of One of the Most Pleasing.

Like and unlike are these wide-brimmed, graceful hats, covered with velvet, which our American beauties will don when occasions call forth picturesque millinery. They are from those eminent French designers who excel in hats of this sort. The brims curve gently, the crowns fit well, the designs are simple and there is an abundance of rich trimming, but not a hint of overtrimming.

The illustration shows a black hat beautifully made. A mass of white ostrich plumes like a small bank of snow is mounted in a wreath about the crown. The plume springs from the front and toward the right side, and in each of these models the heaviest trimming is at the right. No other trimming could be used with such a snowy mass of plumage. The brim is of the droopy variety, but curls upward all around and with more abruptness at the left side.

Very rich, but less chaste, a hat in a gray-blue, trimmed with a mass of blue heron and Persian ornaments is made to wear with a special gown. The

coloring is so soft, however, that it may do duty with others. The feather is more gray than blue, and has white markings. Many soft colors appear in the ornaments. These trimmings would be as appropriate on gray or amethyst or black as they are on the strange blue shown in the model. The brim is very wide all round, but curves considerably at the left, the upward turn apparently narrowing it.

There is no extreme tilt or poise in these large hats. In fact, fashion has decreed more quiet in the posing of good millinery. The rakish angle is tabooed. But there is much sprightliness of brim in the turbans and small hats, and eyes are well shaded in the round hats with mauve drooping brims.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

KEEP HAIR PROPER COLOR

Attention to Details Will Put Off for Many Years the Always Unwelcome Gray.

Despite the enthusiasts who rave over young faces and white hair, no woman really welcomes gray hair; she may become reconciled to it to the point of not favoring dyes, but that is all.

Therefore take every precaution to keep the hair from turning. Poor general health will do it; so will excessive worry or too much brain work without proper exercise and relaxation.

Nothing will cause the hair to become gray so quickly as allowing the scalp to be robbed of nourishing oils. For this reason, too, much shampooing or the use of drying mixtures on the hair is bad.

Tonics that contain plenty of oil are invaluable to keep the natural luster of the hair, and should be used regularly by those whose family has a tendency to turn gray early.

A Workbasket Hint.

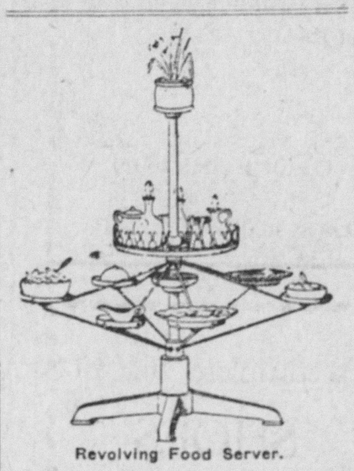
Keep in your workbasket several large-size safety pins, and use them to string loose buttons, hooks, eyes, etc. Keep those of the same size on the same pin, black hooks on black pins, white eyes on white pins, etc. Thus you never will have an untidy workbasket, or be delayed by not being able to find instantly what you are looking for.

Fasten the safety pins to one side of the lining of your basket—and your method of securing neatness will be complete.

HERE IS AUTOMATIC WAITER

Device Enabling Guests to Help Themselves Adds to Pleasure of Meal.

A device described as an automatic waiter is here illustrated. At the ends of the rods, radiating from the central standard, are holders that may be adjusted to different sizes. On these are placed the dishes to be served.



Revolving Food Server.

silver, and receptacles for salt, pepper and relishes. When the food has been placed upon the waiter the guests revolve it and help themselves. —Popular Mechanics.

WEARING OF PASTE JEWELS

Practise That Is Not to Be Commended—Many Reasons Why It Is in Poor Taste.

This concerns a practise that only in recent years has assumed dangerous proportions—the wearing of paste jewels. There is no doubt that French jewelry is artistic and beautiful, but many women now bedeck themselves in evening dress with Parisian jewelry that is such a close imitation of the real thing that there is intent to deceive. The moment this occurs bad taste creeps in. Frankness in wearing Parisian jewelry is the one thing that makes it possible to the gentlewoman.

No matter if everyone else does wear paste, do not acquire the habit. False hair and false jewels are not lovely, though "every one wears them" nowadays.

This placid acceptance of false standards—something that would have been impossible a generation ago—will undoubtedly lower the ideals of what constitutes a gentlewoman and the things she permits herself to wear.

AVOID TOO MANY CLOTHES

No Advantage in Over-Supply of Garments, No Matter of What Description.

A woman who desires to dress well on a small income, and it can be done, must learn first of all never to have too many clothes on hand at once. Let her buy the things she needs, wear them out, and then buy others. It is better to have one well-fitting tailor-made suit, keep it rigorously pressed and in order, wear it until it shows signs of wear, and then replace it than it is to have several inferior suits. As to large stocks of underwear, they are only an anxiety. If not looked after frequently they grow yellow or a vagrant mouse makes a nest in them. Styles, too, alter frequently in underwear as in outer garments; also human figures alter and grow fat sometimes, and the treasured articles won't fit when they are brought out. As to shoes, it is better for the feet and better for the shoes to have several changes and wear them in rotation, but if shoes are kept too long the leather is apt to rot.

Children's Frocks.

More and more mothers are realizing that not only good taste, but good sense insists upon simplicity in little children's clothes. Furbelows are uncomfortable, tiresome and a bother to the youngsters, mothers, and likewise the laundress.

Plain percales and galateas make very sturdy frocks, standing the knocks and rubs of juvenile, strenuousness with great fortitude.

Cherry and ginghams in dark, yet cheerful colorings make splendid little dresses for school and autumn wear.

The vogue of the Dutch neck seems assured, and mothers are safe in making the little fall frocks in this sensible fashion.

The New Collar Pins.

It may be surprising to hear that Dutch collar pins have gone. It is only the name, however, that has passed. Pierrot pins have taken their place. The fan-shaped Pierrot pin has the advantage of following the lines of the frock where it meets the throat. Bar pins are in the ascendency. A becoming accessory to be worn with Pierrot collars is a black velvet collarette with jeweled ornament.

SWELLING THE HOTEL BILL

Hotel Keeper's Method of Taxing Traveler Had at Least the Method of Novelty.

One of the things which help swell the traveler's expenses, both in this country and abroad, is the "extra." It may or may not be charged in the bill, but it is sure to be paid for. Probably even the most generous traveler, however, will have some sympathy for the gentleman in the following story who was made to pay liberally for a certain annoying privilege.

During his stay at the hotel the weather had been very hot.

"Charles," said the landlord to the clerk who was making out the bill to be presented to the departing guest, "have you noticed that the gentleman in number seven has consulted the thermometer on the piazza at least ten times every morning during his stay here?"

Charles replied that he had.

"Well," said the landlord, "charge him the price of one dinner a day for the use of the thermometer."—Youth's Companion.

AWFUL BURNING ITCH CURED IN A DAY

"In the middle of the night of March 30th I woke up with a burning itch in my two hands and I felt as if I could pull them apart. In the morning the itching had gone to my chest and during that day it spread all over my body. I was red and raw from the top of my head to the soles of my feet and I was in continual agony from the itching. I could neither lie down nor sit up. I happened to see about Cuticura Remedies, and I thought I would give them a trial. I took a good bath with the Cuticura Soap and used the Cuticura Ointment. I put it on from my head down to my feet and then went to bed. On the first of April I felt like a new man. The itching was almost gone. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and during that day the itching completely left me. Frank Gridley, 325 East 43rd Street, New York City, Apr. 27, 1909." Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world; Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props, Boston, Mass.

Lovemaking and Practice.

The only way to become an expert at lovemaking is to practice. This was the information handed out to a handful of hearers by the Hindu philosopher, Sakharam Ganesh Pandit, in a lecture on "The Science of Love."

"Love is a divine discontent," said the philosopher, "and if you want to arouse love in others it can be done only by giving them love. How to develop the emotion of love in another is the great question of today—the art of making love. It needs a great deal of study and a great deal of practice."

Mutual Expectations.

A notoriously close-fisted man was taking his golfing holiday in Scotland, where he hoped to improve his game, and, by driving a hard bargain, had managed to secure the exclusive services of a first-class caddie, who was known to be a very good player. "Mind, now," said the ambitious southerner, "I expect to receive some really good tips from you during my stay here, you understand?" "Aye," replied the Scotsman, hitching up the heavy bag, "an' Ah'm expectin' the like frae ye, ye ken."—Golf Illustrated.

Free Cure for Rheumatism and Bone Pains.

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) cures the worst cases of rheumatism, bone pains, swollen muscles and joints, by purifying the blood and destroying the uric acid in the blood. Thousands of cases cured by B. B. B. after all other treatments failed. Price $1.00 per large bottle at drug stores, with complete directions. Large sample free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., Department B.

An Endless Job.

"I'll bet I could keep a fairy godmother busy."

"As to how?"

"I'd have her look after my touring car."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Laying the Foundation.

"Why are you always so careful to ask advice about what you are going to do?"

"So that if things go wrong I can say I told you so.'"

Same Old Point.

Jack—I went gunning in the country one day last week.

Tom—Bag anything?

Jack—Nothing but my trousers.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out the malaria and the Iron builds up the system. Sold by all dealers for 30 years. Price 50 cents.

When the pulpit gets into poetic clouds it misses the man on the pavement.

For HEADACHE—Hicks' CAPUDINE

Whether from Colds, Heat, Stomach or Nervous Troubles, Capudine will relieve you. It's liquid—pleasant to take—acts immediately. Try it. 10c., 25c., and 50 cents at drug stores.

Revenge is better than a greedy kind of gratitude.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

MUNYON'S

EMINENT DOCTORS AT YOUR SERVICE FREE

We sweep away all doctor's charges. We put the best medical talent within everybody's reach. We encourage everyone who ails or thinks he ails to find out exactly what his state of health is. You can get our remedies here, at your drug store, or not at all, as you prefer; there is positively no charge for examination. Professor Munyon has prepared specifics for nearly every disease, which are sent prepaid on receipt of price, and sold by all druggists.

Send to-day for a copy of our medical examination blank and Guide to Health, which we will mail you promptly, and if you will answer all the questions, returning blank to us, our doctors will carefully diagnose your case and advise you fully, without a penny charge.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE Famous **Rayo** Lamp

Once a Rayo user, always one

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there's no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY (Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes are positively the best made and most popular shoes for the price in America, and are the most economical shoes for you to buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR, I GUARANTEE MY SHOES to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality counts. It has made my shoes THE LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last ones wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. **TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE**

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Keeps the spindle bright and free from grit. Try a box. Sold by dealers everywhere.

Atlantic Refining Co. (Incorporated)

Planning a Desperate Revenge.

The haughty, imperious beauty handed him back his ring.

"Now that all is over between us," she said, "I suppose you will buy a revolver and put an end to your wretched existence?"

"Worse than that!" he hissed, being careful to introduce the necessary sibilant; "far wors-s-se! I shall steal a revolver! And I shall shoot your measly little sore eyed poodle!"

A wild shriek burst from her lips.

She fell upon her knees and——

But he had gone.

"Kin by Marriage."

A caller was talking to a small Harlem girl who is extravagantly fond of her mother. She likes her father well enough, but he is far from being first in her affections. The caller, knowing the situation, asked the child why she didn't love her father as she did her mother.

"Oh, you see," she explained, loftily, "he is only kin to us by marriage."

For COLDS and GRIP

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—relieves the aching and feverishness—cures the Cold and restores normal conditions. It's liquid—effects immediately. 10c., 25c., and 50c. At drug stores.

They who talk much of dying are usually dead already.

A good honest remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat is Hamlins Wizard Oil. Nothing will so quickly drive out all pain and inflammation.

An ingrowing conscience drives many a man into sin.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A catalogue of vices never led any one into virtue.

LAZY LIVER

"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."

Anna Bazinet, Osborn Mill No. 2, Fall River, Mass.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 929

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar

For coughs colds and

Throat Troubles

All Druggists

Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in One Minute

ROOSEVELT'S OWN BOOK

"African Game Trails"

Wanted! by thousands for Christmas and New Years. Needed! A man in every place to take it to the families in his locality. Offered! Monopoly of field and high Commission. Take the great chance and write for prospectus now to CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 155 (R. S.) Fifth Avenue, New York.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 Days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books Free. Highest references. Best results.

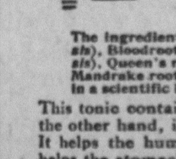
W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 45-1910.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, their heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which contains no dangerous narcotics nor alcohol.

The ingredients, as attested under oath, are Stone root (*Collinsonia Canadensis*), Bloodroot (*Sanguinaria Canadensis*), Golden Seal root (*Hydrastis Canadensis*), Queen's root (*Stillingia Sylvatica*), Black Cherrybark (*Prunus Virginiana*), Mandrake root (*Podophyllum Peltatum*), with triple refined glycerine, prepared in a scientific laboratory in a way that no druggist could imitate.

This tonic contains no alcohol to shrink up the red blood corpuscles; but, on the other hand, it increases their number and they become round and healthy. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anæmic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing. Stick to this safe and sane remedy, and refuse all "just as good" medicines offered by the druggist who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do you half as much good.



For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle, $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910

DEATHS.

Isaac C. Smith died suddenly at his home in Centre Hall on Thursday evening. He had been about during the day, and had just come in from his lots, sat down and was there but for a few minutes when his wife heard him make a peculiar noise, and going to his side found him dying. The cause of his death was due to acute indigestion. While Mr. Smith was not a robust man, he experienced little or no sickness during his life of seventy-two years, one month and thirteen days.

Interment was made at Centre Hall, on Monday forenoon, Rev. Dr. W. H. Schuyler officiating.

Mr. Smith was the son of James Smith, and was born at Allenville, Mifflin county. When but a few years of age, his father and family wagoned to Strattonville, Clarion county. It is about forty-five years since he came to Centre Hall, and after marrying Miss Maggie Witmer, he engaged in the mercantile business at Corsica, Jefferson county. From there he and his wife came to Loganton, where he also conducted a store, and later for a number of years they lived in Williamsport, from which place they came to Centre Hall.

There survive the deceased a widow, previously named, three sons and one daughter, namely: H. Witmer, of Bellefonte; James W., of Williamsport, Clyde C., of Bellefonte and Miss Grace C., at home.

One sister, Mrs. Ellen Ray, of Corsica, now aged some eighty years, also survives.

Miss Luella Ilgen, daughter of Thomas Ilgen, of near Tylersville, who died Thursday morning of last week, was ill several years with tuberculosis, but her death occurred quite suddenly. She was assisting with the housework in the kitchen when she was seized with a hemorrhage of the lungs and breathed her last in a few minutes. Deceased was aged about thirty years. Funeral services were conducted in the Lutheran church at Tylersville Sunday afternoon, by Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Salona, and burial was made in the Tylersville cemetery.

After many weeks' illness with bronchial trouble, William Wilson died at his home at Rock Springs. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Wilson and was born at Charter Oak, on April 19th, 1872. He is survived by his wife and one young son, Curtis; also his mother, three brothers and ten sisters. He was a member of the Reformed church since early manhood. Rev. R. M. Campbell officiated at the funeral services and burial was made in the Pine Grove Mills cemetery.

Colyer.

Miss Sadie Lee is spending a week with her brother, Jacob Lee, and family, at Spring Mills.

Mrs. William Raymond and Miss Ruth Yarnell transacted business at the home of W. C. Farner.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bubb left one day last week for Altoona where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bible.

Miss Sara Horner and little friend, Helen Sheasley, of State College, spent Sunday at the J. H. Horner home.

Rev. D. C. Caris, pastor of the United Evangelical church, started his protracted meeting at Zion, Friday evening of last week.

Miss Bertha Horner, of State College, spent a week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Horner, and while home visited her friends, Misses Clara and Blanche Reiber.

Mrs. H. S. Alexander and Mrs. M. Smith, of Potters Mills, also Mrs. Frank McClellan and son Wilbur, of Oshanter, spent Wednesday of last week with Mr. and Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Lee and daughter Ruth, and Miss Myra Rockey, done some shopping at Millheim one day last week and on their return stopped with the former's brother, Jacob Lee, at Spring Mills.

Tusseyville.

Mrs. Catherine Runkle spent Thursday at the home of Samuel Floray.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Rickard and children spent Thursday at Bellefonte.

Miss Myra Rockey spent last Thursday in Millheim.

Protracted meeting is being held in the Evangelical church at this place. The meeting was started on Friday of last week, and will continue for at least two weeks.

Rebecca Cox, who had been making her home with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Fortney, was one day welcomed into the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Spangler.

The friends of Miss Ruth Rossman will be delighted to know that she is getting along nicely at the Bible Institute, and the beautiful cards she sends out to her friends shows the christian spirit in which she performs her good work.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will meet in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, Friday, December 2nd.

JAMES I. BLAKESLEE

Democratic Candidate for Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Hon. James I. Blakeslee, Democratic nominee for secretary of internal affairs, was born at Mauch Chunk, Pa., Dec. 17, 1870. He was educated in the public schools and subsequently took special courses at the Bethlehem Preparatory, the Cheltenham Military Academy and the Hill School, Pottstown, Pa.

Mr. Blakeslee entered the railroad service early in life and served in various capacities, from brakeman up, with the Lehigh Valley and Pennsylvania companies. On the breaking out of the Spanish-American war he entered the volunteer service of the United States army as second lieutenant of A Company, Eighth regiment of Pennsylvania.

In 1905 Mr. Blakeslee was elected chairman of the Democratic committee of Carbon county and has been annually re-elected since. In 1906 he was a member of the Democratic state executive committee. He is a splendid organizer and has effected a superb organization of the Democratic forces of his county.

Mr. Blakeslee is a successful business man and since 1899 has been successfully operating the Lehighton Electric Light and Power station at Lehighton, where he resides, as lessee and part owner. He has developed the property into one of the most complete electric properties in the state.

Mr. Blakeslee was elected a repretative in the legislature for Carbon county in 1906 and served during the session of 1907. He was a vigilant and militant Democrat in the body and a terror to the Republican machine. His great delight was to puncture the machine tire whenever the managers imagined things were running smoothly.

He is thoroughly informed on corporation law and methods and if he is elected secretary of internal affairs the corporations will have to obey the law no matter how rich and powerful they happen to be.

THE STAND-PATTERS

No Republican Congressional Candidate Favors the President's Idea.

[From the Philadelphia Record.]

There are a good many members of the Union League, the Manufacturers' club and the Patriotic society whose keen sense of the ridiculous cannot but be quickened when contemplating the attitude of the Penrose machine in Pennsylvania toward the Republican party at large and toward the Republican administration of President Taft.

While the president, in letters and speeches, is proclaiming the purpose to revise the tariff one schedule at a time, so as to reduce "exorbitant and unreasonable profits," not a candidate of the Penrose machine for congress can be heard making a favorable response to his plan. Not a Republican candidate in Pennsylvania will give his assent to putting the barbarous duties of 100 per cent on the woolen clothing of the people first in the door under the proposed process of tariff revision.

Neither Senator Penrose nor Senator Oliver nor any Republican candidate for congress in this state will agree to subject the steel schedule first to this mill, with the view of reducing the prohibitory duty on building materials of steel to its former place in the tariff. Why, if Senator Penrose were asked, he would not consent to the slightest reduction of his favorite protective duties on umbrella sticks and Myrobolan plum trees!

Taking the Account.

The Republican party has been in power since March 4, 1897. For seven years five months and eighteen days of that time Theodore Roosevelt was president of the United States. The Sherman anti-trust law is "a criminal statute." How many men did Mr. Roosevelt send to jail for violating it? —New York World.

The "Colonel" is Doing the Work.

While he was president it was not always possible for obvious reasons to show up Mr. Roosevelt in his true light. By his coarse abuse and plain falsification he is now rendering that service himself.—New York World.

The New Club.

"The Crook and Jackass Club" is duly incorporated, with a federal judge as the charter member. Open only to members of the bar.—Springfield Republican.

Tariff Tax on Breakfast Food.

Bacon is now 40 cents a pound. "Whole hog or none," says the trust.—Philadelphia North American.

Quite Different.

The colonel is disovering that hunting the dikdik in Africa and the Dix-Dix in New York are entirely different occupations.—Houston Post.

Pianos and Organs.

The Lester pianos are used and endorsed by all the leading musical conservatories and colleges in the U. S.

The Stevens piano organs are the latest achievement in modern organ construction.

Pianos and organs sold on easy payment plan. Write for catalog.

C. E. ZEIGLER, Spring Mills

Many school children suffer from constipation, which is often the cause of seeming stupidity at lessons. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are an ideal medicine to give a child, for they are mild and gentle in their effect, and will cure even chronic constipation. Sold by Murray & Bitner.

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

Reporter Subscribers' Correspondent Column—New Department.

TIFFIN, OHIO Oct. 25, 1910.

Dear Editor Reporter:

Since you have a column for letters from subscribers, I thought a few lines from here might be of interest to some of the Reporter readers. I came here about three weeks ago to work at the carpenter trade with my nephew, who is a builder and contractor at this place. Tiffin is a beautiful little city; it has a population of thirteen thousand, and is level. The streets are all paved and kept very clean; it is the county seat of Seneca county, in northwestern Ohio. The surrounding country is a very fine farming country; the land is fertile and level; the crops were good, especially the corn crop. Prices on farm products are about the same as in Pennsylvania. We are having beautiful weather here. With best wishes for the Reporter and its many readers

M. J. BARGER.

Mr. Barger is a resident of Beech. The Reporter can endorse all Mr. Barger says about Tiffin and the farming section surrounding the beautiful little city. The country about Tiffin is an ideal farming section.

Coughs of Children

Especially night coughs. Nature needs a little help to quiet the irritation, control the inflammation, check the progress of the disease. Our advice is—give the children Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Ask your doctor if this is his advice also. He knows best. Do as he says.

Ayer's

We publish our formulas
We banish alcohol from our medicines
We urge you to consult your doctor

If you think constipation is of trifling consequence, just ask your doctor. He will disabuse you of that notion in short order. "Correct it, at once!" he will say. Then ask him about Ayer's Pills. A mild liver pill, all vegetable.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

When a cold becomes settled in the system, it will take several days' treatment to cure it, and the best remedy to use is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will cure quicker than any other, and also leaves the system in a natural and healthy condition. Sold by Murray & Bitner.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of Amanda Walker, late of Harris twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

P. H. MEYER, Executor,
Centre Hall, Pa.

o.nov 3

NEW GOODS

A NEW LINE OF GOODS have just been received. They are fresh from the Eastern Wholesale Houses. Our Goods will bear inspection and our prices comparison.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills - - - Penn.

Family Favorite

the Lamp Oil that Saves Eyes

Nothing is more important in the home than clear, steady light. Insure this by getting the oil that burns clear and clean without a flicker down to the last drop. Pennsylvania crude oil refined to perfection.

Costs no more than the tank-wagon kind—saves *money*—saves *work*—saves eyes.

Your dealer has *Family Favorite Oil* in barrels direct from our refineries.

Waverly Oil Works Co.
Independent Refiners
PITTSBURG, PA.
Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil and Waverly Gasolines.

Buy A REID CREAM SEPARATOR

If you want the BEST

It's the handiest, lightest running and closest skimming separator on the market to-day.

Get Prices from

GEO. E. BREON
AGENT
Centre Hall, Pa.

A complete line of
SHOES
for Fall and Winter.
All styles and prices.

F. E. Wieland
General Store
LINDEN HALL, PA.

THE
Red Mill
ALBERT BRADFORD
Proprietor

LEAVE YOUR ORDER AT YOUR DEALER FOR
VERI-BEST FLOUR

And Look for the COUPON in EACH SACK which entitles you to some
SILVER SPOONS

PIPE

Both Iron and Lead Water Pipe. . . .
Pumps and Repairs
MAKE YOUR WANTS KNOWN TO
J. S. ROWE
CENTRE HALL - - - PA.

Pure Candy

All Candy sold to Retail Dealers by the Camp Candy Company, Manufacturing Confectioners, Tyrone, Pa., are NOT ADULTERATED IN ANY FORM, are strictly pure and are guaranteed to conform with all Pure Food Laws.

CAMP CANDY CO.
Manufacturers
3/an. 1' TYRONE, PENN'A

T. DUNNING, Pres. O. Z. WELLMAN, Vice Pres. D. B. ALLEN, Cashier
CAPITAL, $25,000

FIRST STATE BANK

Arlington, Ia., April 23, 1903

Mr. J. Cooper,
Decorah, Iowa.

Dear Sir: Your letter of inquiry received and noted. The fact that I have two policies of $12,000 in The Royal Union Insurance Co., and that I am perfectly satisfied with the same, is the strongest evidence of my confidence in the company. Any financial institution that is limited by law in the investment of its funds in non-fluctuating, non-speculative securities such as farm mortgages, municipal bonds and loans on the cash surrender values of its own policies is certainly entitled to public confidence. Add to this the fact that the state of Iowa requires sufficient of these securities on deposit with the Auditor of State to more than equal the amount of the Company's entire liability to its policyholders, and I am unable to conceive of a more complete and absolute protection. This is the law under which The Royal Insurance Co. operates, and for this reason it has my unqualified endorsement and confidence.

In addition to this it is an Iowa Company and has for eighteen years been steadily growing stronger and better. It is securing the highest rates of interest from its invested assets of farm mortgages in Iowa and adjoining states; this enables the company to pay its policy holders the highest possible earnings.

After a most careful and thorough investigation, I take pleasure in commending The Royal Union Life Insurance Co. as I regard it one of the safest and best.

Very truly,
D. B. ALLEN.

THE ROYAL UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF DEMOINES, IA.

JAMES I. THOMPSON
GENERAL AGENT
LEMONT, PENN'A

SILK-LINED
FALL OVERCOATS

Next time you are feeling a bit prosperous, come around and slip on one of our silk-lined Overcoats. We've silk-lined and silk-lined-to-the-edge fall coats, in Black and Oxford Gray. They're handsome.

As Low as **$10** Serge-lined

As High as **$25** Silk-lined

Montgomery and Company
BELLEFONTE

JUST RECEIVED—LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WHITE & GRAY
BED BLANKETS
ALL LARGE DOUBLE BLANKETS.

PRICES: 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $2.50, $2.75 & $3.50

ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
24x60—$1.50 to $2.25 **RUGS** 36x72—$3.75
JAPANESE RUGS—35c & 50c Each
Fine Selection and Prices Low.

Don't fail to call and examine our full line of
SHOES GLOVES
UNDERWEAR HOSIERY, Etc.
Prices always the lowest for cash or produce.

C. F. EMERY
CENTRE HALL, - - PENN'A

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn'a Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.
oct.1.09 1yr.

BOALSBURG TAVERN
BOALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. 'Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.